State of Wyoming Executive Order Greater Sage-grouse Core Area Protection 2015-4 Avoidance, Minimization and Compensatory Mitigation for Development in Core vs. Non-Core October 29, 2018

This chart is a tool to assist with the implementation and understanding of the Executive Order, Greater Sage-grouse Core Area Protection 2015-4 (SGEO). <u>It does not replace or supersede the SGEO in any way</u>. This document does not preclude additional actions that may be needed by the land management agency or permitting agency. This document mirrors the SGEO in listing General and Specific Stipulations. The Compliance and Minimization examples listed <u>are</u> <u>recommendations and suggested considerations</u> for reducing impacts and may or may not be applicable to every situation. Site specific evaluations are still necessary. These are a list of most common Avoidance and Minimization practices, but not a comprehensive list.

The definition of Avoidance (i.e., compliance) used will be that outlined in the SGEO, "Preferred development plans avoid negative impacts in Core Populations Areas and other Executive Order delineated habitat used by Core Population Area Greater sage-grouse." The definition of Minimization used will be that outlined in the SGEO, "When development occurs within Core Population Areas and other Executive Order delineated habitat used by Core Population Area Greater sage-grouse, all reasonable options are pursued to minimize impacting additional suitable habitat and/or maintaining impacts below identifiable thresholds to the greatest extent possible." Compensatory Mitigation comes into play when compliance is not possible and the SGEO stipulation thresholds are exceeded, in addition the proponent has worked to minimize impacts to Greater sage-grouse.

	General Stipulations - Executive Order 2015-4, Attachment B						
Stipulations for Development in Core	Compliance in Core No Compensatory Mitigation	Minimization in Core	Stipulations for Development in Non-Core	Compliance in Non-Core No Compensatory Mitigation	Minimization in Non-Core		
 Limited to 5% of DDCT assessment area. 	 Surface disturbance < 5% of Density/Disturbance Calculation Tool (DDCT) assessment area. Surface disturbance > 5% of DDCT assessment area demonstrating no net gain of disturbance acres (e.g., locate new disturbance outside of core area or complete co-location within existing disturbance feature). Find opportunities to co-locate new disturbance with existing disturbance features and/or to resolve existing disturbance features in the DDCT area, by conducting habitat mapping. 	 Find the areas of least suitable habitat for appropriate siting of infrastructure and to resolve existing disturbance features in the DDCT area by conducting habitat mapping. Co-locate or cluster development in "low impact" areas (i.e., on or adjacent to existing disturbance or within identified marginal or unsuitable habitat). Place infrastructure adjacent to previously disturbed locations or in designated corridors. Conduct additional reclamation/restoration or management of invasive species to reduce the amount of overall disturbance. Consider other opportunities to improve habitat (i.e., conservation easements, additional reclamation that is no longer required of disturbed habitats). <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> New disturbance exceeding 5% disturbance threshold and occurring more than 0.6 miles from an occupied lek (5 debits per acre) 	 No surface disturbance stipulation 				

 Surface Occupancy NSO within 0.6 miles of the perimeter of an occupied lek. 	 Move development outside of NSO buffer. No new surface occupancy within the NSO buffer. 	 Co-locate new disturbance within existing disturbance or within unsuitable habitat. Place infrastructure adjacent to previously disturbed locations. <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> Any new disturbance within 0.6 miles from occupied lek (10 debits per acre) 	 Surface Occupancy NSO within 0.25 miles of the perimeter of an occupied lek. 	 Move development outside of NSO buffer. No new surface occupancy within the NSO buffer. 	 Co-locate new disturbance within existing disturbance or within unsuitable habitat. Place infrastructure adjacent to previously disturbed locations. <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> Any new disturbance within 0.25 miles from occupied lek (2 debits per acre)
 Seasonal Use/Human Activity (Production and maintenance activities are exempt) Activities allowed July 1 – March 14 outside the 0.6 mile buffer of an occupied lek. Where supported by data, dates may be shifted 14 days prior to or subsequent of, but not both. 	 Conduct activity outside of seasonal stipulation period in core area. 	 Minimize human activity within breeding, nesting, and/or early brood rearing habitat through project planning that may include traffic management and on-site activity reduction. <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> Short Term Impact (Seasonal stipulation relief) 10 debits per activity per year 	 Seasonal Use/Human Activity (Production and maintenance activities are exempt) Activities allowed July 1 – March 14 outside the 0.25 mile buffer of an occupied lek. Where supported by data, dates may be shifted 14 days prior to or subsequent, but not both. A 2 mile seasonal buffer applies to occupied leks from March 15 – June 30. Activities in unsuitable habitat may be approved year-round on a case-by-case basis. Activities may be allowed during seasonal closure periods as determined on a case-by-case basis. 	Conduct activity outside of seasonal stipulation period within 2 miles of an occupied lek.	 Minimize human activity within breeding, nesting, and/or early brood rearing habitat through project planning that may include traffic management and on-site activity reduction. Conduct activities in unsuitable habitat. Compensatory Mitigation Short Term Impact (Seasonal stipulation relief) 10 debits per activity per year
	ns - Activities allowed March 14 to Dec 1. (not pa new disturbance outside of winter concentratio		tipulation pariod in winter concentra	tion area	
	locate new disturbance with existing disturbance				
 Geophysical Exploration Follow seasonal stipulations (see Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Core Area). Staging areas should 	 See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Core Area. Locate staging areas outside of core area. 	 See Surface Disturbance Stipulations in Core Area. Co-locate staging areas within existing disturbance (if in core area). Minimize size of staging areas. Minimize the surface impacts of vibrosis. 	 Geophysical Exploration See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Non-Core. 	 See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Non-Core. 	 See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Non-Core. <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> Short Term Impact (Seasonal stipulation relief) 10 debits per activity per year

core, or in existing disturbance. Transportation	 See Surface Occupancy Stipulations in 	 Short Term Impact (Seasonal stipulation relief) 10 debits per activity per year New disturbance exceeding 5% disturbance threshold and occurring more than 0.6 miles from an occupied lek (5 debits per acre) Any new disturbance within 0.6 miles from occupied lek (10 debits per acre) See Surface Occupancy Stipulations in 	Transportation	 See Surface Occupancy Stipulations in 	 See Surface Occupancy Stipulations in
 Locate new collector or arterial roads >1.9 miles from the perimeter of an occupied lek. Locate new local roads > 0.6 miles from the perimeter of an occupied lek (see Surface Occupancy Stipulations in Core Area). 	 Core. Locate new haul and arterial roads outside the 1.9 mile lek buffer. Locate new local roads outside the 0.6 mile lek buffer. 	 Ore. Use existing roads within the 1.9 mile or 0.6 mile lek buffer with a travel management plan. Construct the minimum number and lengths of roads. Bury pipelines for gas and fluid mineral collections to centralized facility within existing road right-of-way and outside of NSO (traffic reduction). <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> Any new disturbance within 0.6 miles from occupied lek and new collector or arterial roads within 1.9 miles from occupied lek (10 debits per acre) 	 See Surface Occupancy Stipulations in Non-Core. 	Non-Core.	 Non-Core. Use existing roads within the 0.25 mile lek buffer with a travel management plan. <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> Any new disturbance within 0.25 miles from occupied lek (2 debits per acre)
 Overhead Power Lines New lines in identified corridors (2 mile wide corridors and 115kV corridors or larger) construction between July 1 – March 14 (or July 1- Dec 1 in winter concentration areas) (see Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Core Area). New lines located at least 0.6 miles from the perimeter of occupied leks (see 	 See Surface Disturbance Stipulations in Core Area. See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Core Area. See Surface Occupancy Stipulations in Core Area. 	 See Surface Disturbance Stipulations in Core Area. See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Core Area. See Surface Occupancy Stipulations in Core Area. Bury new power lines in identified suitable breeding, nesting, and early brood-rearing habitat. Implement appropriate measures from current Avian Power line interaction Committee (APLIC) Sage-grouse Best Management Practices. <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> New disturbance outside corridor and exceeding 5% disturbance and occurring more than 0.6 miles from an occupied lek (5 debits per acre) 	 Overhead Power Lines See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Non-Core. See Surface Occupancy Stipulations in Non-Core. 	 See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Non-Core. See Surface Occupancy Stipulations in Non-Core. 	 See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Non-Core. See Surface Occupancy Stipulations in Non-Core. Bury new power lines in identified suitable breeding, nesting, and early brood-rearing habitat. Implement appropriate measures from current Avian Power line interaction Committee (APLIC) Sage-grouse Best Management Practices. <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> Short Term Impact (Seasonal stipulation relief) 10 debits per activity per year Any new disturbance within 0.25 miles from occupied lek (2 debits per acre)

Surface Occupancy Stipulations in Core Area). New lines, not in identified corridors – only when activity will avoid negative impacts.		Short Term Impact (Seasonal stipulation relief) 10 debits per activity per year Any new disturbance within 0.6 miles from occupied lek (10 debits per acre)		
Joise New project noise should not exceed 10 decibels above baseline noise at the perimeter of a lek from 6pm -8am, March 1 – May 15.	 Conduct development and production activity outside of breeding season time period. Insure noise levels do not exceed 10 decibels above baseline at the perimeter of the lek between 6pm - 8am by noise monitoring to collect baseline noise levels before the disturbance or activity occurs. Continue noise monitoring during development and after If noise levels exceeds 10 decibels stop activity or muffle activity to acceptable levels. 	 Develop a travel management plan to prohibit and reduce human presence between 6pm and 8am, from March 1-May 15. Muffle, use internally combustion or otherwise control, exhaust and engine noise from all new equipment. Consolidate/centralized production facilities and/or use Liquids Gathering Systems to minimize truck traffic and wellsite visits. Minimize flaring; utilize green completion technology Use noise shields 	 No noise stipulation 	
 Vegetation Removal Within 4-miles of an occupied lek, all topsoil stripping and vegetation removal in suitable habitat is limited to July 1 – March 14. Initial disturbance in unsuitable habitat March 15 – June 30 may be approved on a case-by-case basis. 	 Within 4 miles of an occupied lek, see Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Core Area. See Surface Disturbance Stipulations in Core Area. 	 Co-locate infrastructure and reduce project footprint to the extent possible. <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> New disturbance exceeding 5% disturbance threshold and occurring more than 0.6 miles from an occupied lek (5 debits per ac) Short Term Impact (Seasonal stipulation relief) 10 debits per activity per year 	 Vegetation Removal See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Non-Core. 	 See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Non-Core.
agebrush Treatment Limited to 5% of DDCT assessment area.	 Follow Wyoming Game and Fish Department Vegetation Treatment Protocol. Sagebrush treatments that maintain sagebrush cover at or above 15%. Sagebrush treatments that will reduce canopy cover below 15% that are within the 5% disturbance threshold. Sagebrush treatments in stands with less than 15% sagebrush cover 	 Reduce acreage of treatment area to meet 5% disturbance threshold. Configure treatment such that all treated habitat is within 60 meters of sagebrush habitat with 10% or greater canopy cover and no more than 20% of suitable sage-grouse habitat in the DDCT boundary is treated in this manner. 	 Sagebrush Treatment No disturbance threshold stipulation 	

vity	 See Seasonal Use/Human Activity Stipulations in Non-Core. Co-locate infrastructure and reduce the project footprint within identified suitable breeding, nesting, and early brood rearing habitat within 2 miles of an occupied lek, to the extent possible. <u>Compensatory Mitigation</u> Short Term Impact (Seasonal stipulation relief) 10 debits per activity per year

	-	-		
	designed to maintain or improve			
	sagebrush habitat.			
		Compensatory Mitigation		
		New disturbance exceeding 5% disturbance		
		threshold and occurring more than 0.6 miles		
		from an occupied lek (5 debits per acre)		
		Specific Stipulations for Developm	ent - Executive Order 2015-4, Att	achment B
		(to be applied in add	dition to general stipulations)	
Oil and Gas	• Disruptive activity density < 1/640 in	Cluster new pads with existing	Oil and Gas	
• Oil & Gas pads and	DDCT assessment area.	development and/or consider		
associated	• Disruptive activity density > 1/640 in	multi-well pads.	 No density stipulation 	
infrastructure not to	DDCT assessment area demonstrating no			
exceed an average of	net-gain of disruptive activities (e.g.,	Compensatory Mitigation		
1 pad per square	locate new disruptive activity outside of	Greater than 1 activity per 640 acres (10		
mile (1/640)	core area or co-location of new pads and	depits per activity, per year)		
	associated infrastructure with existing			
	disruptive activities).			
Mining	• Disruptive activity density < 1/640 in	• Cluster development in "low impact"	Mining	
Active mining	DDCT assessment area.	areas.		
development areas	• Disruptive activity density > 1/640 in		 No density stipulation, see 	
not to exceed an	DDCT assessment area demonstrating no	Compensatory Mitigation	surface occupancy and	
average of 1 site per	net-gain of disruptive activities (e.g.,	Greater than 1 activity per 640 acres (10	seasonal use general	
square mile (1/640)	locate new disruptive activity outside of	depits per activity, per year)	stipulations.	
• There will be	core area or co-location of new mines			
exceptions for	and associated infrastructure with existing			
, minimal impacts	disruptive activities).			
[associated with coal				
mines] due to				
existing operations				
through modified				
mine plans and new				
leases.				
	I	For nor 640 perce of quitable babitat (not part of	l of care area stimulations) NEO huffe	r of 0.6 miles around accunied lak

Connectivity Corridors - Disturbance limited to no more than an average of 5% per 640 acres of suitable habitat (not part of core area stipulations), NSO buffer of 0.6 miles around occupied leks, a March 15 to June 30 timing limitation stipulation is required within nesting habitat within 4 miles of occupied leks.

Avoidance - Surface disturbance < 5% of DDCT assessment area. Surface disturbance >5% of DDCT assessment area demonstrating no net gain of disturbance acres (e.g., locate new disturbance outside of connectivity corridors or complete co-location within existing disturbance feature).

Minimization - Cluster development in "low impact" areas. Place infrastructure adjacent to previously disturbed locations.



assessment area demonstrating no net gain of disturbance acres (e.g., locate new disturbance outside of connectivity corridors or complete co-location within existing disturbance feature).	 Mow vegetation within the ROW instead of blading the entire ROW. Use pull/plow/boring technology instead of trenching. Reduce ROW width. Locate pigging operations outside of Core. Compensatory Mitigation New disturbance exceeding 5% disturbance threshold and occurring more than 0.6 miles from an occupied lek (5 debits per acres) Any new disturbance within 0.6 miles from occupied lek (10 debits per acre)	 No disturbance stipulation, see occupancy and seasonal use general stipulations 				
 Site wind energy development outside of core 		 See general stipulations 				
Exempt Activities						
r permitted in Core Population Areas prior to A r permitted in Core Population Areas added as a nce Activities	a result of E.O. 2015-4 will not be required to be					
	 gain of disturbance acres (e.g., locate new disturbance outside of connectivity corridors or complete co-location within existing disturbance feature). Site wind energy development outside of core Existing Rights or permitted in Core Population Areas prior to Autor permitted in Core Population Areas added as a mace Activities 	 gain of disturbance acres (e.g., locate new disturbance outside of connectivity corridors or complete co-location within existing disturbance feature). Use pull/plow/boring technology instead of trenching. Reduce ROW width. Locate pigging operations outside of Core. Compensatory Mitigation New disturbance exceeding 5% disturbance threshold and occurring more than 0.6 miles from an occupied lek (5 debits per acres) Any new disturbance within 0.6 miles from occupied lek (10 debits per acre) Site wind energy development outside of core Site wind energy development outside of core 	 Instead of blading the entre ROV. gain of disturbance acres (e.g., locate new disturbance outside of connectivity corridors or complete co-location within existing disturbance feature). Reduce ROW width. Locate pigging operations outside of Core. Compensatory Mitigation New disturbance exceeding 5% disturbance threshold and occurring more than 0.6 miles from an occupied lek (5 debits per acres) Any new disturbance within 0.6 miles from occupied lek (10 debits per acre) Site wind energy development outside of core Site wind energy development outside of core 	Assessment area beinforstrating no net gain of disturbance acres (e.g., locate new disturbance outside of connectivity corridors or complete co-location within existing disturbance feature).		

• Standard uses of the landscape described in SGEO Attachment C.

Other resources for avoiding and minimizing include but are not limited to: Wyoming Game and Fish Standard Wildlife Recommendations, Wyoming Game and Fish Recommendations for Development of Oil and Gas Resources Within Important Wildlife Habitats, Avian Power Line interaction Committee (APLIC) Sage-grouse Best Management Practices, Bureau of Land Management Approved Sage-Grouse Resource Management Plan Amendment (Required Design Features) Appendix C