

2017 - JCR Evaluation Form

SPECIES: Mountain Goat

PERIOD: 6/1/2017 - 5/31/2018

HERD: MG201 - BEARTOOTH

HUNT AREAS: 1, 3, 514, 999

PREPARED BY: TONY MONG

| | <u>2012 - 2016 Average</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018 Proposed</u> |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Population: | 271 | 250 | 250 |
| Harvest: | 19 | 30 | 28 |
| Hunters: | 20 | 33 | 30 |
| Hunter Success: | 95% | 91% | 93 % |
| Active Licenses: | 20 | 33 | 30 |
| Active License Success: | 95% | 91% | 93 % |
| Recreation Days: | 101 | 243 | 225 |
| Days Per Animal: | 5.3 | 8.1 | 8.0 |
| Males per 100 Females | 0 | 0 | |
| Juveniles per 100 Females | 37 | 0 | |

Population Objective (± 20%) : 175 (140 - 210)

Management Strategy: Special

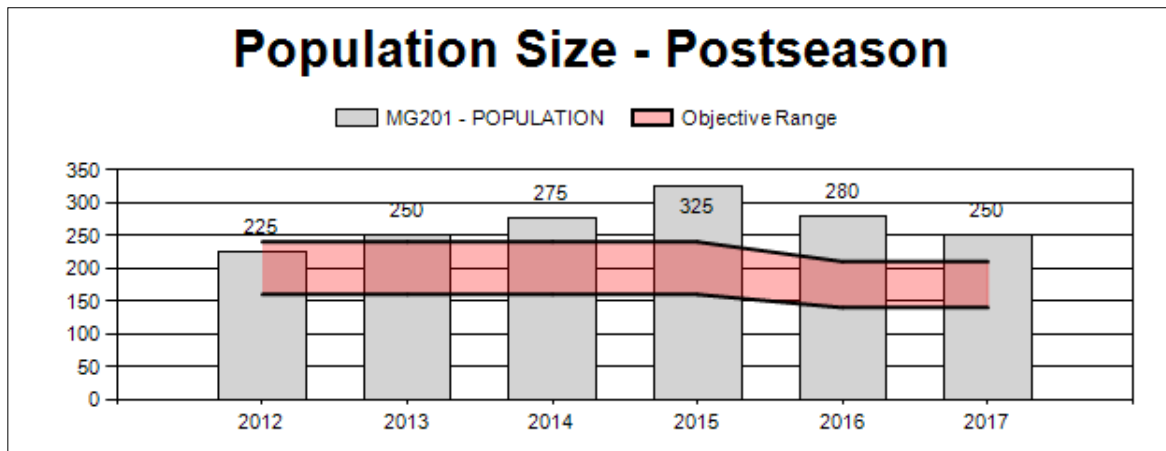
Percent population is above (+) or below (-) objective: 43%

Number of years population has been + or - objective in recent trend: 10

Model Date: 3/5/2018

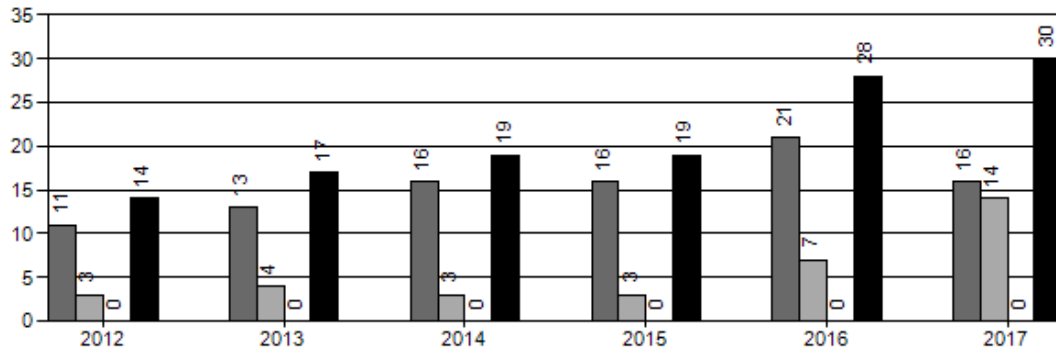
Proposed harvest rates (percent of pre-season estimate for each sex/age group):

| | <u>JCR Year</u> | <u>Proposed</u> |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Females ≥ 1 year old: | n/a% | n/a% |
| Males ≥ 1 year old: | n/a% | n/a% |
| Total: | n/a% | n/a% |
| Proposed change in post-season population: | n/a% | n/a% |



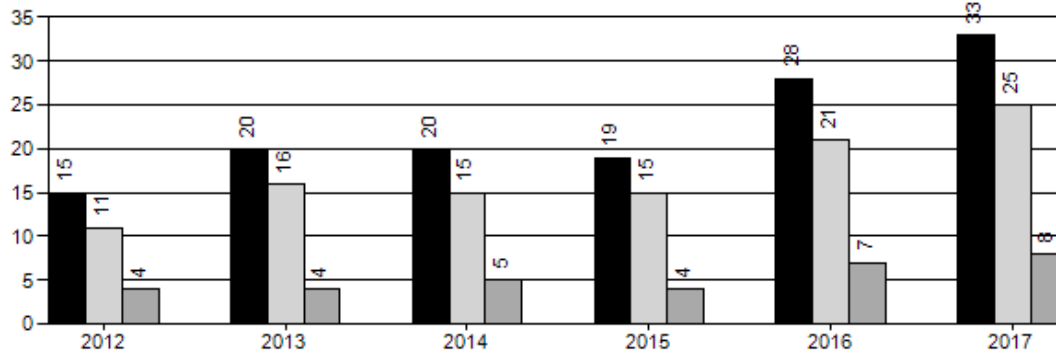
Harvest

MG201 - MALES MG201 - FEMALES MG201 - JUV MG201 - TOTAL



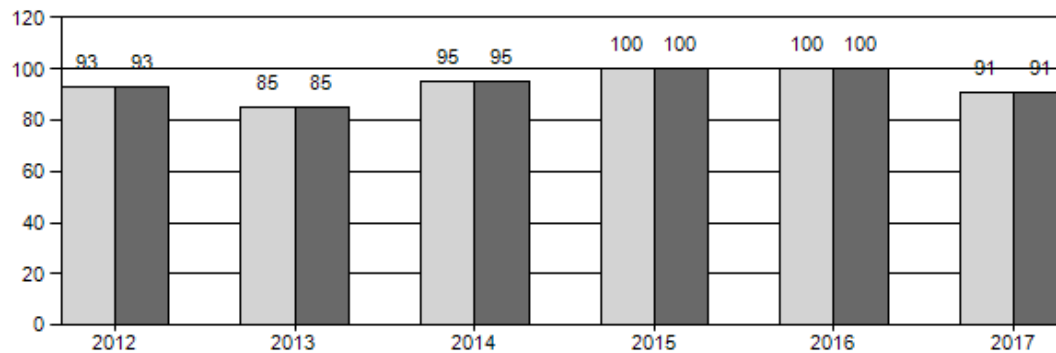
Number of Active Licenses

MG201 - TOT MG201 - RES MG201 - NONRES

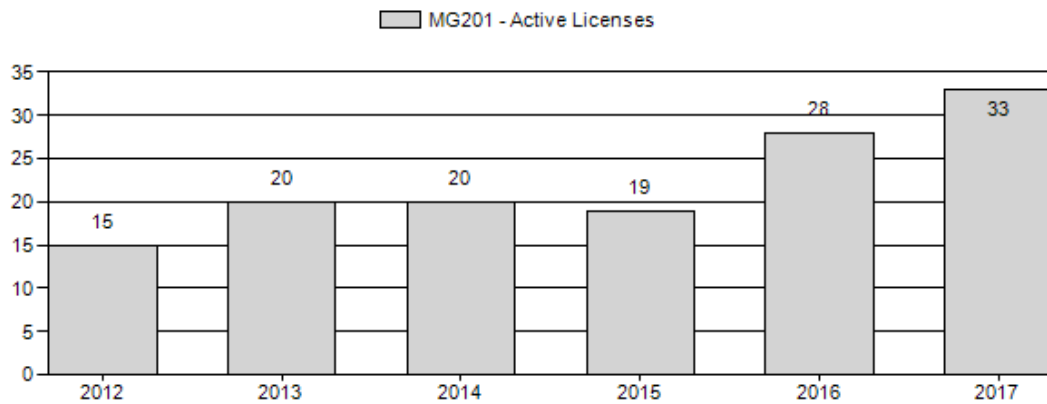


Harvest Success

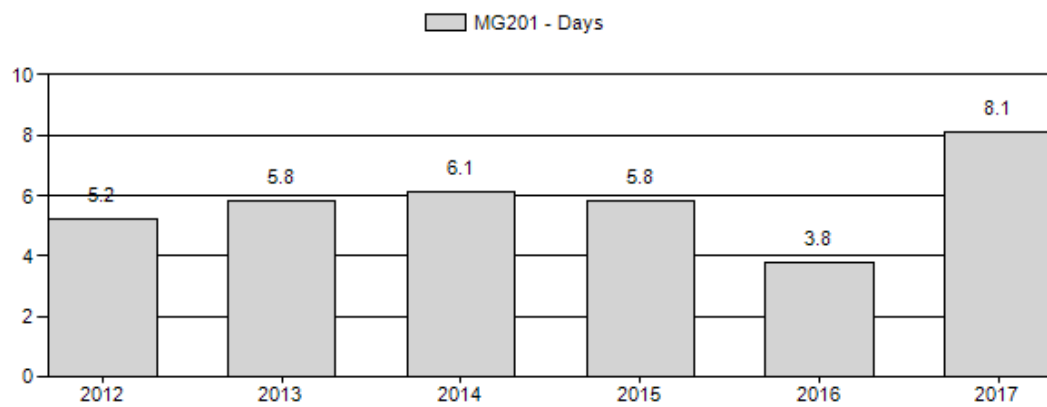
Hunter Success Active License Success %



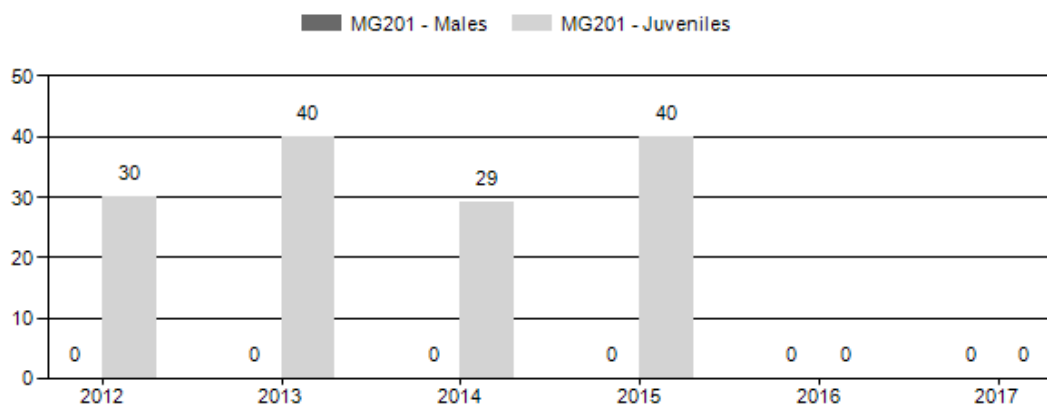
Active Licenses



Days Per Animal Harvested



Preseason Animals per 100 Females



| 2012 - 2017 Preseason Classification Summary | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|----|--------|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|-------|-------|------|----------|----------|-----------|
| for Mountain Goat Herd MG201 - BEARTOOTH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Year | MALES | | | | FEMALE | | JUVENIL | | | | Males to 100 Females | | | | Young to | | |
| | Ylg | Adult | Total | % | Total | % | Total | % | Tot | Cls | Yng | Adult | Total | Conf | 100 Fem | Conf Int | 100 Adult |
| 2012 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | 60 | 77% | 18 | 23% | 78 | 179 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ± 0 | 30 | ± 0 | 30 |
| 2013 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | 125 | 71% | 50 | 29% | 175 | 167 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ± 0 | 40 | ± 0 | 40 |
| 2014 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | 56 | 78% | 16 | 22% | 72 | 155 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ± 0 | 29 | ± 0 | 29 |
| 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | 216 | 71% | 87 | 29% | 303 | 207 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ± 0 | 40 | ± 0 | 40 |
| 2016 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ± 0 | 0 | ± 0 | 0 |
| 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ± 0 | 0 | ± 0 | 0 |

**2018 HUNTING SEASONS
BEARTOOTH MOUNTAIN GOAT HERD (MG201)**

| Hunt Area | Type | Season Dates | | Quota | License | Limitations |
|-----------|------|--------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------------|
| | | Opens | Closes | | | |
| 1 | 1 | Sep. 1 | Oct. 31 | 8 | Limited quota | Any mountain goat |
| 3 | 1 | Sep. 1 | Oct. 31 | 16 | Limited quota | Any mountain goat |
| 3 | 2 | Oct. 1 | Oct. 31 | 8 | Limited quota | Any mountain goat |

| Special Archery Season Hunt Areas | Season Dates | | Limitations |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------|------------------------------------|
| | Opens | Closes | |
| 1, 3 | Aug. 15 | Aug. 31 | Refer to Section 7 of this Chapter |

| Hunt Area | Type | Quota change from 2017 |
|--------------|----------|------------------------|
| 1 | 1 | -4 |
| 3 | 1 | +4 |
| Total | 1 | 0 |

Management Evaluation

Current Mid-Winter Trend Count Objective: 175

2017 Mid-summer trend count Estimate: 280

2018 Mid-summer trend count Estimate: 250

Herd Unit Issues

Mountain goat harvest management relies on the ability of hunters to access remote areas that contain mountain goats. In the Beartooth herd there is a mix of accessibility and we are seeing the easier access areas get hunted regularly but the more difficult areas receiving light pressure. This is creating an uneven distribution of harvest across the herd unit.

Weather

Weather conditions during the 2016-17 winter were very difficult with high amounts of snowfall and colder than normal temperatures (figures 1 and 2). Precipitation levels in most of the herd unit were 200% or more of normal. These higher than normal precipitation events through the winter created a very wet summer and vegetative response was phenomenal with good growth throughout the herd unit. Current winter conditions (2017-18) are much milder with early snows but melting occurring throughout the season and overall more mild conditions within the herd

unit (figure 3). Winter weather came early to mid-ranges in the mountains but not to the Yellowstone NP area. Big snows occurred in the mid-September time frame (Sept. 20-25) which piled large amounts of snows in the areas outside of Yellowstone NP but not in the park.

Figure 1. Percent of normal precipitation for the herd unit from January to March 2017.

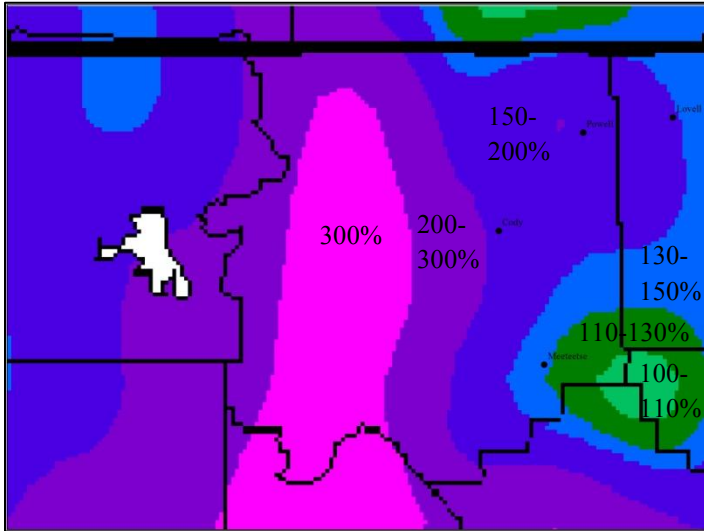


Figure 2. Departure from normal temperature for the herd unit from January to March 2017.

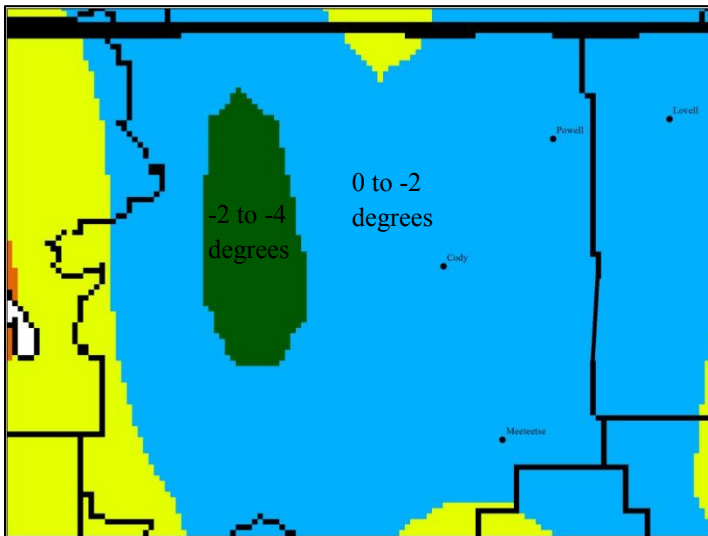
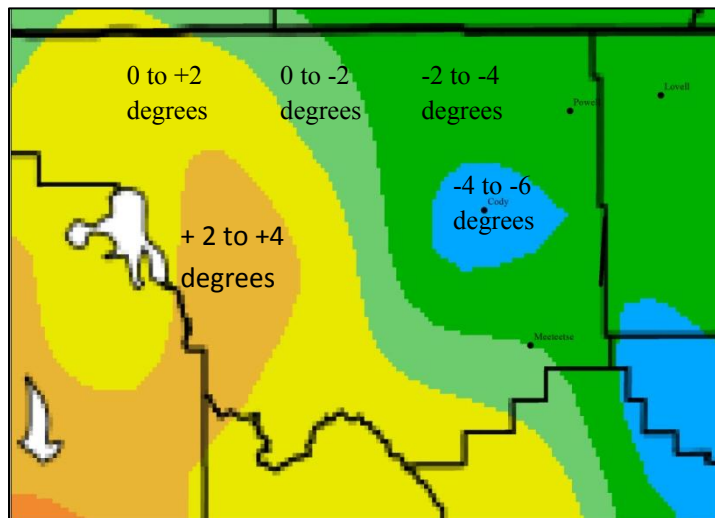


Figure 3. Departure from normal temperature for the herd unit from January to March 2018.



Habitat

No habitat monitoring data is collected in this herd unit.

Field Data

Trend data for mountain goats is not collected every year, whereas classification data is opportunistically collected during bighorn sheep flights. The last mountain goat trend/classification count was completed in 2016; however, a dedicated trend and classification flight is scheduled for the summer of 2018.

Harvest Data

Harvest in the Beartooth herd has been increasing over the last ten years in response to the increase in license availability. A total of 30 goats were harvested, which is the highest harvest on record. Various studies have shown that goat populations are sensitive to female harvest. We saw a big jump in nanny harvest in 2017 from seven in 2016 to 14 in 2017 making up almost half of the entire harvest (Table 1) with a majority of those nannies taken in hunt area 1 (60% of HA1 harvest were nannies). Hunter effort increased in 2017 to 8.1 days/harvest compared to the 10-year-average of 5.7 days/harvest. The average age of all harvested goats in 2017 was 4.8 years, and is similar to the 5-years-average of 5.0 years. Female goats (average age =5.3) were slightly older compared to males (average age = 4.4).

Table 1. Management parameters for Hunt Area 1 of the Beartooth Mountain Goat Herd (Wyoming portion only), 1969-2017.

| | 1969-1979 | 1980-1992 | 1993-2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Hunters | 4 | 8 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 14 | 14 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| Harvest | 3.4 | 7.3 | 11.7 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| Success | 84.1% | 95.1% | 97.7% | 100% | 100% | 86% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Effort | 5.4 days | 3.7 days | 4.5 days | 3.5 days | 5.2 days | 6.9 days | 4.6 days | 7.5 days | 3.3 days | 5.4 days |
| Avg Age | - | - | 4.5 years | 5.9 years | 5.1 years | 5.2 years | 5.7 years | 4.8 years | 5.5 years | 4.9 years |
| % Nannies | 23.5% | 32.9% | 32.5% | 36.4% | 27.3% | 41.7% | 14.3% | 27.3% | 41.7% | 69% |
| Trend Counts | 19.0 | 104.7 | 125.5 | - | - | 125 | - | 102 | 28 | - |

Table 2. Management parameters for Hunt Area 3 of the Beartooth Mountain Goat Herd, 2011-2017.

| | 1969-1979 | 1980-1992 | 1993-2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Hunters | | | | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 16 | 20 |
| Harvest | | | | 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 16 | 17 |
| Success | | | | 100.0% | 75% | 83% | 83% | 100% | 100% | 85% |
| Effort | | | | 9.7 days | 5.3 days | 3.2 days | 10.4 days | 3.6 days | 4.1 days | 6.8 days |
| Avg Age | | | | 3.5 years | 4.8 years | 4.9 years | 4.5 years | 5.4 years | 4.5 years | 4.8 years |
| % Nannies | | | | 0% | 0% | 20.0% | 0% | 0% | 12.5% | 29.4% |
| Trend Counts | | | | - | - | 34 | - | 93 | 87 | - |

Table 3. Mountain goat trend counts in Yellowstone National Park (Soda Butte creek to Lamar Headwaters), 1998-2017.

| | 1969-1979 | 1980-1992 | 1993-2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Trend Counts | - | - | 13.5 | - | - | 74 | 67 | 108 | 83 | - |

Population

Due to the difficulty of distinguishing males and females during aerial surveys, mountain goats are classified as either kids or adults. Only from close observation can males and yearlings be determined. Due to the inability to distinguish between males and females, construction and validation of a functional population model is difficult.

Management Evaluation

Management of the Beartooth herd relies on the harvest information, hunter observations and trend counts. Based on these parameters, it seems that the increase in nanny harvest as well as increase in days/harvest in hunt area 1 may indicate a population decline in that portion of the herd, and has led to a reduction in licenses for 2018. It seems that hunters are reporting good numbers of goats in hunt area 3 especially in the more difficult areas to hunt. Hunt area 3 did see an increase in days to harvest, but we feel that the mid-September snow storms affected access for hunt area 3 goat hunters. Based on reports from hunters, and our own field observations, we are increasing the hunt area 3 type 1 licenses by 4.