WYOMING GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

2022 Antelope, Deer and Elk Hunting Regulations

New for 2022
Chronic Wasting Disease Submissions

CWD sample submission is mandatory in Deer Hunt Areas 59, 60, 64, 65, 157 and 171. (See pages 30 and 34)

Conservation Stamps

Conservation stamps are required for all big game hunters unless specifically exempted. (See page 6)

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STOP POACHING

REPORT WILDLIFE VIOLATIONS! HELP US STAND WATCH

You may be eligible for a reward of up to $5,000 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of a wildlife violator.

Submit Tip Online: *wgfd.wyo.gov*

Text keyword *WGFD* and message to *TIP411 (847-411)*

1-877-WGFD-TIP (1-307-777-4330) In state (1-877-943-3847) Out-of-State

STOP POACHING

Excitement for 2022

By Brian Nesvik, Game and Fish Director

Dear Hunters,

I recently saw a debate about whether the opening day of hunting season was more exciting than Christmas morning. If you're anything like me — it's not just the first day that is enthralling. It's every stalk, every bugle, everytime my finger inches toward the trigger. The passion never quits, and I'm looking forward to a great 2022 season.

As the director of the Wyoming Game and Fish Department and a fellow hunter, I want to say thank you. Hunting is conservation in its most historic and pure form. Your deep appreciation for Wyoming's wild animals and wild places is reflected in the tremendous diversity and abundance of wildlife we have in our state — both hunted and not hunted. Your support is incredibly important to the department, too. The majority of our funding comes from sportspeople.

As conservationists, understanding these rules and holding yourself to the highest level of hunting ethics and safety benefits wildlife and all who enjoy it. You are the model for future generations of hunters who will fill your boot prints on the trails. These Antelope, Deer and Elk Hunting Regulations are meant to help you be more knowledgeable and confident on Wyoming's laws and regulations while you work to fill the freezer.

It's in the best interest of wildlife and hunters that we all maintain vigilance in taking good care of our diverse habitats. When you're on the ground, I urge you to remain true to the land ethic all hunters expect of each other. Use ATVs responsibly, be careful with campfires and respect private property rights.

And as far as personal safety goes, carry plenty of water and keep an eye on the sky for quickly-changing weather conditions. Make it a goal for Wyoming Search and Rescue teams to have a boring fall.

I'm looking forward to the season, and I hope you are, too. Take in the land and marvel in the wonder that is the Wyoming outdoors. I wish you the best of luck in your harvest pursuits. And last but not least, don't forget to think about our young aspiring hunters by giving them new opportunities to experience the things that keep seasoned hunters coming back season after season. Inspire a kid; it's for life!

State of Wyoming

Governor	Mark Gordon

Wyoming Game and Fish Commission

President	Kenneth Roberts, *Kemmerer*
Vice President	Ralph Brokaw, *Arlington*
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Regional offices

Cheyenne Headquarters *(307) 777-4600*
5400 Bishop Blvd., Cheyenne, WY 82006 *(800) 842-1934*

Casper Region *(307) 473-3400*
3030 Energy Lane, Casper, WY 82604 *(800) 233-8544*

Cody Region *(307) 527-7125*
2 Tilden Trail, Cody, WY 82414 *(800) 654-1178*

Green River Region *(307) 875-3223*
351 Astle, Green River, WY 82935 *(800) 843-8096*

Jackson Region *(307) 733-2321*
420 North Cache, Jackson, WY 83001 *(800) 423-4113*
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P.O. Box 67, Jackson, WY 83001

Lander Region *(307) 332-2688*
260 Buena Vista, Lander, WY 82520 *(800) 654-7862*

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1212 South Adams Street, Laramie WY 82070 *(800) 843-2352*

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432 East Mill Street, Pinedale, WY 82941 *(800) 452-9107*
Mailing Address:
P.O. Box 850, Pinedale, WY 82941

Sheridan Region *(307) 672-7418*
700 Valley View Drive, Sheridan, WY 82801 *(800) 331-9834*

Disclaimer. The following sections are a condensed summary of applicable wildlife laws and other important information. This summary is in no way intended to alter the content or statutory intent of those laws. If you have any questions regarding the precise language, you can view a copy of the State Statutes (Title 23) and Wyoming Game and Fish Commission (Commission) Regulations, available at the Cheyenne Headquarters, Department Regional Offices, the Department website or consult the following websites: https://soswy.state.wy.us or https://wyoleg.gov.

Access on Lands Enrolled in the Department's Access Yes Walk-In Areas or Hunter Management Areas. Access to private lands enrolled in the Access Yes Walk-In or Hunter Management Program is granted only for the take of wildlife species and for the time periods specified in Department publications. Travel by motorized vehicle is prohibited, except as otherwise stated. Hunters wishing to use enrolled private lands for any other wildlife species, activity or time period must obtain permission from the landowner or person in charge of the property. Department publications or signs shall serve as official regulations of the Commission and may advise of additional restrictions. The landowner or person in charge of the property may grant permission for motorized vehicle travel contrary to that specified by Department signs or publications.

Access Yes Program. The Access Yes Program was established to help address the difficulties of finding places to hunt and fish. Sportspersons can voluntarily donate any whole dollar amount to Access Yes when they purchase or apply for a license. Contributions are used to secure additional public hunting and fishing access on private lands and inaccessible public lands. Donating helps support the program, but does not provide or imply access to all private or inaccessible public lands in Wyoming.

Age Restrictions; Big or Trophy Game. The minimum age to take any big or trophy game animal is eleven (11) years old, if that person will be twelve (12) years old by the end of that calendar year. Youths under fourteen (14) years of age shall at all times be accompanied by an adult who possesses and can exhibit a hunter safety certificate, or who has been issued a Wyoming big game hunting license within the last five (5) years. If the accompanying adult is not the youth's parent or guardian, the youth shall have in their possession a permission slip signed by their parent or guardian allowing them to hunt under supervision. Each accompanying adult shall supervise not more than one (1) hunter under fourteen (14) years of age.

Archery Equipment. Archery equipment is legal to take game animals. When hunting antelope, bighorn sheep, black bear, deer, mountain goat, mountain lion, or gray wolf where designated as a trophy game animal, an archery hunter shall use a longbow, recurve bow or compound bow of not less than forty (40) pounds draw weight. When hunting elk or moose, an archery hunter shall use a longbow, recurve bow or compound bow of not less than fifty (50) pounds draw weight. A crossbow hunter shall use a crossbow having a peak draw weight of at least ninety (90) pounds and a bolt of at least sixteen (16) inches in length. The broadhead used on arrows or bolts shall not pass through a seven-eighths (7/8) inch solid ring when fully expanded.

Archery Licenses and Special Archery Seasons. No person shall hunt big game or trophy game animals with archery equipment during a special archery hunting season without first obtaining an archery license and the appropriate hunting license. No person holding an archery license shall take big game or trophy game animals during a special archery hunting season or limited quota archery season by the use of any type of firearm. Upon request by a game warden or other Wyoming law enforcement officer, a person who has taken a big or trophy game animal during a special archery hunting season or limited quota archery only hunting season shall allow testing of the animal's tissue for confirmation of compliance with this section.

Artificial Light for Hunting Prohibited; Exception. No person shall take any wildlife with the aid of or by using any artificial light or lighting device except that predators may be taken with the aid of an artificial light or lighting device by:

(i) A public officer authorized to and conducting predator control;

(ii) A landowner, resident manager or person with the landowner's or a resident manager's written permission to take predators, on land under the landowner's control for the protection of their property.

It is prima facie evidence of a violation if a person uses an artificial light in an area that may be inhabited by wildlife while having in their possession and control any device for taking wildlife. This shall not prohibit the hunting on foot of raccoon with the aid of a handlight, provided the hunter is accompanied by a raccoon hunting dog and, if hunting on private land(s), has the written permission of the landowner or their agent.

Hunt areas administered by regional offices

Region	Antelope	Deer	Elk	Moose	Bighorn sheep	Mountain goat	Wild bison	Wild turkey
Casper	2-9, 11, 25-27, 29-32, 69-73	2-14, 22, 34, 65, 66, 88, 89	1, 7, 19, 23, 113, 116, 117, 120, 122, 126		20			1,2
Cody	76-83, 110, 114, 115	35, 37, 39-41, 46, 47, 50-53, 105, 106, 109-125, 127, 164, 165	39-41, 45, 47-49, 51, 53-56, 58-64, 66	8, 9, 11, 42	1-5, 12	1, 3, 5	1,3	4
Green River	53, 57-59, 92-96, 98-101, 112	82, 100-102, 131-135, 168	21, 30-32, 100, 102-107, 124	26, 27, 33, 35, 36, 40, 44				
Jackson	85	144-146, 148-152, 155, 156	70, 71, 73, 75, 77-85, 88-91	7, 10, 14-21, 23, 28, 32, 37	4, 6, 7	2, 4	2	
Pinedale	86-91, 101	130, 138-143, 153, 154	86, 87, 92-99	3-5, 22, 24, 25, 30	8, 24			
Laramie	11, 34, 37, 38, 42-48, 50-52, 103, 111	15, 59, 60, 61, 64, 70, 74-81	3, 6-13, 15, 16, 110, 125	38, 41	18, 19, 21, 26			5
Lander	55, 56, 60-68, 74, 75, 84, 97, 106-108, 117	36, 84, 87, 90, 92, 94, 96-98, 128, 157, 160, 171	22, 24, 25, 27, 28, 67-69, 108, 111, 118, 127, 128, 130	2, 6, 30	4, 9, 10, 17, 22			
Sheridan	1, 3, 10, 15-24, 102, 109, 113	1, 3, 17-19, 21, 23-33, 163, 169	2, 33-38, 113, 123, 129	1, 34				3

CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE INFORMATION

Chronic wasting disease (CWD) is a fatal disease of the central nervous system in mule deer, white-tailed deer, elk and moose. Special regulations were adopted by the Department to decrease the spread of the disease. Details about CWD, where it exists in Wyoming and testing for the disease are provided on the Department website. For more information on CWD or to check your CWD sample results, please visit: https://wgfd.wyo.gov/Wildlife-in-Wyoming/More-Wildlife/Wildlife-Disease/CWD-in-Wyoming-Wildlife. The Department will not notify hunters directly with CWD test results. For hunters wanting to collect lymph nodes from their harvested deer, elk or moose for CWD testing can watch a video on how to do so at: Wyoming Game and Fish Department - Lymph node removal video

Most animals infected with CWD show no clinical signs early on, but after a year of being infected with the disease, animals will begin to show weight loss, reluctance to move, excessive salivation, droopy ears, increased drinking and urinating, lethargy and eventually death. Not all animals will show the typical signs of CWD. The majority of all CWD positive animals harvested appear completely normal. The only way to know whether your harvested animal has CWD is to have it tested.

There are several ways to get your harvested animal tested:

- Game check station – someone is normally available to sample your harvested animal for CWD.
- WGFD regional office – you may have to leave the head if personnel are not immediately available.
- Results from WGFD surveillance are usually available online within 3 weeks.
- If you want results within 10 working days, contact the Wyoming State Veterinary Lab in Laramie at (307) 766-9925 ($30 fee).
- Quarter and freeze your animal until test results are returned to save on meat processing costs if your animal is positive.

To date, there have been no cases of CWD in humans and no direct proof that humans can get CWD. However, public health officials recommend that CWD positive animals not be consumed. Some basic precautions that hunters can take to reduce their risk to CWD include: do not consume any animal that tests positive for CWD; do not harvest or consume any animal that appears sick; wear rubber or latex gloves when field dressing carcasses; minimize handling of brain, eyes, lymph nodes, spleen or spinal cord; and, wash your hands and utensils thoroughly after field dressing or processing game meat. Knives and other butchering equipment can be disinfected by soaking in 40% household bleach for 5 minutes (may rust some equipment).

Transportation and Disposal of Deer, Elk and Moose Taken within Wyoming – Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) Provisions.

(a) Deer, elk and moose taken in Wyoming may be transported within Wyoming to a camp, a private residence for processing, a taxidermist, a processor, or a CWD sample collection site in Wyoming, provided the head and all portions of the spinal column remain at the site of the kill or such parts are disposed of in any approved landfill or approved incinerator in Wyoming.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, only the following parts of any deer, elk or moose taken in Wyoming may be transported in Wyoming: edible portions with no part of the spinal column or head attached; cleaned hide without the head; skull or skull plate or antlers that have been cleaned of all meat and brain tissue; teeth; or, finished taxidermy mounts.

(c) Only the following parts of any deer, elk or moose taken in Wyoming may be transported to other states, provinces or countries: edible portions with no part of the spinal column or head; cleaned hide without the head; skull or skull plate or antlers that have been cleaned of all meat and brain tissue; teeth; or finished taxidermy mounts. Whole deer, elk and moose carcasses shall not be transported out of Wyoming.

(d) Nothing in this section shall apply to the transportation or disposal of deer, elk and moose taken by any governmental agency or educational institution.

Importation of Deer, Elk or Moose Taken From Outside of Wyoming

(a) Deer, elk or moose taken from within any other state, province or country may only be imported into Wyoming if carcasses are transported directly to a private residence for processing, to a taxidermist, to a processor or to a CWD sample collection site provided the head and all portions of the spinal column are disposed of in an approved landfill or incinerator.

Mandatory CWD Sample Submission

The Department may mandate hunters submit CWD samples from harvested deer, elk and moose from designated hunt areas within Wyoming to evaluate testing, monitoring and management actions.

If the Department mandates hunters submit CWD samples, public notice shall be given through the Department website, publications and news releases.

(a) Mandatory submission of CWD samples from harvested deer, elk and moose may be established annually by the Department when necessary to meet its CWD testing and monitoring requirements or to implement and evaluate management actions related to CWD. Mandatory CWD sample submission of deer, elk and moose shall end when the Department achieves sampling goals for designated hunt areas, as stipulated by Department personnel prior to enacting any mandatory CWD sample submission. The Department shall determine the type, time frame and method of CWD sampling required for submission.

(b) When the Department mandates hunters submit CWD samples, public notice shall be given through posting of mandatory submission requirements in Department offices and designated license selling agents, electronic or traditional mailings to known license holders (and other sportspersons) and through the Department website, publications and news releases.

(c) It shall be a violation of Commission regulation for a hunter to fail to submit mandated CWD samples in accordance with this section

For 2022, hunters are required to submit CWD samples from deer harvested in hunt areas 59, 60, 64, 65, 157 and 171. See Pages 30 and 34.

Automatic Weapon and Suppressors. No person shall take any wildlife with any fully automatic weapon. Firearm suppressors may be used during the legal taking of any game animal.

Bag Limits and Number of Licenses. No person shall apply for or receive more than one (1) license valid for each big or trophy game species during any one (1) calendar year, except as otherwise allowed by Commission regulations. The maximum bag limit is one (1) big or trophy game animal per each valid license held, and in accordance with age, sex, species and antler or horn development limitations as specified by Commission regulation.

Baiting of Big Game Animals Prohibited; Exception for Qualified Disabled Persons. No person shall take any big game animal over, or by the use of bait, except as follows: any legally blind person, person confined to a wheelchair, person hunting with a permit issued pursuant to Wyoming Statute § 23-3-304 (d) (iv) or any person hunting with a license issued pursuant to Wyoming Statute § 23-1-705 (j) may place a bait for big game or take a big game animal by the use of bait.

Bear Pepper Spray Required When Hunting in Grand Teton National Park (Elk Hunt Areas 75 and 79). All persons hunting elk in Grand Teton National Park shall carry and have readily accessible bear pepper spray.

Carcass Coupons; Dating and Display. When any big game animal, trophy game animal or wild turkey is killed under a license, or sandhill crane is killed under a limited quota sandhill crane permit, **the licensee shall detach, sign and date the proper carcass coupon and attach the coupon to the carcass in a readily visible manner before leaving the site of the kill. When dating a carcass coupon, the entire day and month of the kill shall be completely cut out and removed.** (See page 6.) The carcass coupon shall remain on the game animal, wild turkey or sandhill crane carcass at all times until the meat undergoes processing, or on the trophy game animal hide until it reaches the hunter's home or a taxidermist, except that during transportation of the carcass or hide, **the validated carcass coupon may be removed to prevent its loss.** If the carcass coupon is removed for transportation of the carcass or hide, it must be completely filled out and in the possession of the person accompanying the carcass or hide at all times. While quarters or pieces of an animal are being packed from the field, the carcass coupon shall remain with the person transporting the animal.

Check Stations. Every hunter, angler or trapper entering or leaving areas for which check stations have been established shall stop and report at the check station if the check station is on the hunter's, angler's or trapper's route to and from the hunting or fishing area. This requirement applies even if the person does not have wildlife in possession. Game and fish licensees shall produce their licenses, permits or stamps as required by regulation for any game animals, game birds, fish or furbearing animals in their possession for inspection upon request by any authorized department representative.

Closed Areas. All areas within the state of Wyoming not opened by specific order of the Commission shall be closed to the taking of game animals, furbearing animals and game birds.

Common violations GENDER EVIDENCE

Many Wyoming hunting licenses only allow the taking of a specific sex of animal. There are also season dates in some hunt areas when only a specific sex of animal can be taken. To satisfy the proof of sex requirement, the regulation states: "in areas where the taking of any big game animal is restricted to a specific sex of animal, either the visible external sex organs, head or antlers shall accompany the animal as a whole or edible portion thereof."

HOW TO FILL OUT A CARCASS COUPON

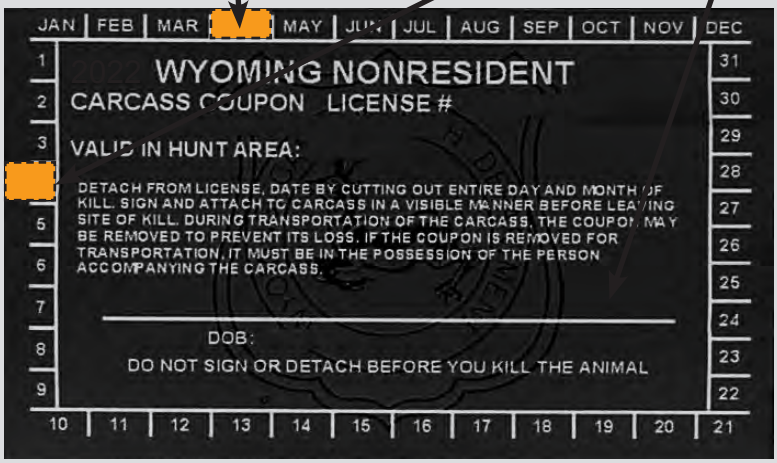
IMMEDIATELY AFTER Harvesting a Big Game Animal and **BEFORE LEAVING** the Site of the Kill do **ALL** of the following:

STEP 1 Detach carcass coupon from license

STEP 2 Cut out the entire month of the kill

STEP 3 Cut out the entire day of the kill

STEP 4 Sign carcass coupon



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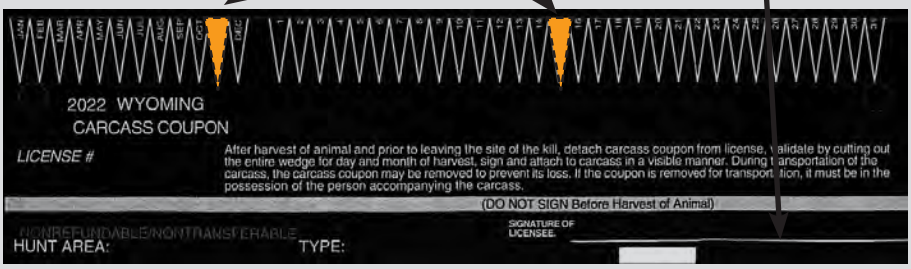


Clothing Requirements. Hunters Required to Wear Fluorescent Orange or Fluorescent Pink Clothing. All persons hunting big or trophy game during an open regular season, shall wear in a visible manner one (1) or more exterior garments of a fluorescent orange or fluorescent pink color that shall include at least one of the following: a hat, shirt, jacket, coat, vest or sweater. Fluorescent orange camouflage or fluorescent pink camouflage are legal. Hunters participating in limited quota muzzle-loading seasons are also required to meet the fluorescent orange or fluorescent pink requirements. Archers and crossbow hunters hunting during a special archery season or limited quota archery only Type 9 season are exempt from this requirement.

Conservation Stamp Required; Exemptions. Conservation stamps are only available electronically through the Department's Electronic Licensing Service (ELS), and may be purchased from the Cheyenne Headquarters, Department Regional Offices, license selling agents throughout the state and the Department website.

Persons holding the following licenses are exempt from the requirement to purchase a conservation stamp while exercising privileges under THESE licenses:

- Daily hunting or fishing license;
- Nonresident five (5) consecutive day fishing license;
- Special limited fishing permit holders;
- Wyoming fifty (50%) percent disabled veteran fishing license; or,
- Resident permanently and totally disabled lifetime fishing license.

Persons holding the following licenses are exempt from the requirement to purchase a conservation stamp while exercising hunting or fishing privileges under ANY Wyoming license. The person shall, at all times, be in possession of the license allowing the conservation stamp exemption while in the field:

- Any Wyoming pioneer hunting or fishing license;
- Honorably discharged Wyoming resident veteran who is one hundred percent (100%) disabled game bird, small game and fishing license;
- Military combat general elk or general deer license;
- Military combat game bird or small game license;
- Licenses reissued to a veteran with disabilities or a person with a permanent disability who uses a wheelchair; or,
- Resident United States Military Purple Heart Medal recipients.

A lifetime conservation stamp may be purchased by applying to the Cheyenne Headquarters or through any Department Regional Office.

Credit Card Fee. The Department shall charge a two point five percent (2.5%) credit card processing fee of the cost of any license, permit, stamp, tag, preference point or competitive raffle chance applied for or purchased by the use of a credit card.

Terms & Definitions:

"Accompanied by a mentor" means being directly supervised at all times by a mentor who is within sight and direct voice contact.

"Aircraft" means any machine or device including but not limited to airplane, helicopter, glider, dirigible or unmanned

aerial vehicle (UAV) capable of atmospheric flight.

"Antlered" means a deer, elk or moose that has visible antler growth plainly protruding from the skull. Where a minimum number of antler points are specified, points shall be counted on the side with the greater number of points.

"Antlerless" means a deer, elk or moose that has no antler growth plainly protruding from the skull. Females and young-of-the-year without visible antlers are antlerless big game animals.

"Approved Landfill or Incinerator" means a landfill or incinerator permitted by the State of Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality to dispose of animal carcasses.

"Artificial light or lighting device" means any man-made light or lighting device which projects a visible light outside the device, or any electronic device that provides an enhanced ability to see in the dark.

"Bag limit" means the maximum number of big game or trophy game animals that may be taken by an individual possessing a proper license.

"Big game animal" means antelope, bighorn sheep, deer, elk, moose or mountain goat.

"Buck antelope" means male antelope with visible horns and dark cheek patch at the base of the ear.

"Bureau of Land Management (B.L.M.)" means the land management agency administered by the U. S. Department of the Interior.

"Bureau of Reclamation Land" means lands administered by the U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation.

"Calf" means young-of-the-year elk or young-of-the-year moose.

"Certificate of Competency and Safety in the Use and Handling of Firearms" means a certification issued for the completion of an approved hunter safety course.

"Cow" means an adult female elk or an adult female moose.

"Designated road" means an established road marked with a white arrow sign.

"Doe" means an adult female antelope or adult female deer.

"Domicile" means that place where a person has his true, fixed and permanent home to which whenever the person is temporarily absent the person has the intention of returning. To prove domicile as required by Wyoming Statutes § 23-1-102 and § 23-1-107 a person shall be able to establish that he: physically resides in Wyoming; has made his permanent home in Wyoming; is not residing in Wyoming for a special or temporary purpose; and, has abandoned his domicile in all other states, territories or countries.

"Drainage" means all lands within the watershed of a named river or stream, including all tributaries and standing waters, which drain into that river or stream.

"Edible portion of big game animal" means the meat from the front quarters as far down as the knees, meat from the hindquarters as far down as the hocks, and the meat along the backbone between the neck and hindquarters including the loins and tenderloins, excluding meat on the ribs and neck.

"Established road" means any road or trail that has been graded or constructed to carry motor vehicles or on which repeated legal motor vehicle traffic has created well-defined tracks.

Online CONNECTION

Game and Fish has hundreds of videos available on its Youtube page. They offer education for new hunters, information about the Department and interesting stories of Wyoming's wildlife.

Check them out at youtube.com/user/wygameandfish

"Expanding point bullet" means any bullet designed by its manufacturer to create a wound channel larger than the bullet's diameter.

"Fawn" means a young-of-the-year antelope or young-of-the-year deer.

"Handgun" means a firearm that has a barrel length of less than sixteen (16) inches, has a short stock, and is designed to be fired by the use of a single hand without shoulder support.

"Hunt area" means the area within a defined geographic boundary where a license shall be valid.

"Irrigated land" means agricultural lands that are supplied with supplemental water by ditches, pipes, flooding or spraying.

"Issue-After License" means licenses that are limited in number and that were not issued in the initial or leftover drawings; these licenses shall be issued on an as processed basis through the ELS.

"Leftover Drawing" means a computer processed random drawing to issue licenses remaining after the initial drawings.

"Leftover Licenses" means limited quota licenses and nonresident region general deer licenses issued in the leftover drawing.

"Limited Quota Licenses" means licenses that are limited in number and valid only in a specified hunt area(s) or portion(s) of a hunt area. Limited quota licenses shall be valid only under species, sex, age class, harvest and weapon type limitations that are in effect for each hunt area.

"Mentee" means a person who has received special authorization from the Department to take wildlife and who has not received a certificate of competency and safety in the use and handling of firearms.

"Mentor" means a person who is at least eighteen (18) years of age, can demonstrate they have a certificate of competency and safety in the use and handling of firearms, possesses a valid Wyoming hunting license and is directly supervising not more than one (1) mentee, other than immediate family members, at a time while in the field.

"Motorized vehicle" means any vehicle powered by an internal combustion engine or electric motor.

"Muzzle-loading firearm" means a muzzle-loading rifle or muzzle- loading handgun of at least .40 caliber and firing an expanding point bullet or lead ball and using a charge of at least fifty (50) grains of black powder or its equivalent.

Stay in the loop with

HUNTING UPDATE

The Game and Fish Hunting Updates connect hunters with the latest news from Game and Fish as well as tips, entertaining stories and beautiful pictures from around the state. All of it is delivered to your mailbox for free monthly.

Get connected at wgfd.wyo.gov/email-sign-up

"National Elk Refuge Permit" means a permit that allows a properly licensed elk hunter to access the National Elk Refuge to take an elk.

"Off National Forest" means lands other than those administered by the U.S. Forest Service.

"On National Forest" means lands administered by the U.S. Forest Service.

"On National Grassland" means the Thunder Basin National Grassland and Bankhead-Jones lands administered by the U.S. Forest Service.

"Park permit" means a permit issued by Grand Teton National Park that allows a properly licensed elk hunter to take an elk within Grand Teton National Park.

"Point" means any protrusion from an antler one (1) inch or more in length.

"Predacious bird" means English sparrow and starling.

"Predatory animal" means coyote, jackrabbit, porcupine, raccoon, red fox, skunk or stray cat. "Predatory animal" also means gray wolf located outside the Wolf Trophy Game Management Area and Seasonal Wolf Trophy Game Management Area as described in Wyoming Statute § 23-1-

Common violation
FAIL TO PRODUCE CONSERVATION STAMP

Hunters and anglers must purchase a conservation stamp to hunt and fish in Wyoming. There are exceptions for holders of a Pioneer license or a one-day license. Those individuals should refer to regulations for details.
(See page 6)

101 (a) (xii) (B) (I) and (II).

"Private land" means all fee title/deeded lands owned by a private individual, partnership or corporation.

"Processor" means a custom meat processor licensed by the Wyoming Department of Agriculture.

"Public road or highway" (except as otherwise provided) means any roadway that is open to vehicular travel by the public. The road surface, the area between the fences on a fenced public road or highway, and an area thirty (30) feet perpendicular to the edge of the road surface on an unfenced public road or highway shall be considered the public road or highway. Two-track trails on public lands are not public roads.

"Real Time Video Photography Equipment" means any video or photography equipment capable of utilizing cellular or Wi-Fi technology to transmit images or video for remote viewing.

"Regular hunting seasons" means seasons which delineate the dates and hunt areas for the taking of big game or trophy game animals with legal weapons in accordance with the license types and limitations set forth in Section 2 of Chapters 5 (Antelope), 6 (Deer), 7 (Elk) and 8 (Moose); Sections 3 and 7 of Chapter 9 (Bighorn Sheep and Mountain Goat); Section 10 of Chapter 3 (Black Bear); Section 3 of Chapter 42 (Mountain Lion); and, Section 4 of Chapter 47 (Gray Wolf) of the Commission regulations.

"Resident" means a United States citizen or legal alien who is domiciled in Wyoming for at least one (1) full year immediately preceding making application for any resident game and fish license, preference point, permit or tag, shall not have claimed residency in any other state, territory or country for any other purpose during that one (1) year period, and meets the requirements specified in Wyoming Statutes § 23-1-102 and § 23-1-107.

"Site of the kill" means the location where the harvested animal died.

"Special archery seasons" means seasons that delineate the dates and hunt areas for the taking of big game or trophy game animals with legal archery equipment, in which a hunter with the proper hunting license and an archery license may hunt in addition to the regular hunting seasons in accordance with the limitations as set forth in Section 2 of Chapters 5 (Antelope), 6 (Deer), 7 (Elk), 8 (Moose), Sections 3 and 7 of Chapter 9 (Bighorn Sheep and Mountain Goat) and Section 10 of Chapter 3 (Black Bear).

"Spike elk" means an elk with at least one (1) antler consisting of a single unbranched beam.

"State Trust Land" means lands administered by the Office of State Lands and Investments.

"Take" means hunt, pursue, catch, capture, shoot, fish, seine, trap, kill, or possess, or attempt to hunt, pursue, catch, capture, shoot, fish, seine, trap, kill or possess.

"Trophy game animal" means black bear, grizzly bear, mountain lion, or any gray wolf within the Wolf Trophy Game Management Area and Seasonal Wolf Trophy Game Management Area as described in Wyoming Statute § 23-1-101 (a) (xii) (B) (I) and (II).

"Type" means a limitation on a license in a particular hunt area for the sex of animal, the species of animal, the length of the season, the type of weapon or a portion of the hunt area in which the license shall be valid.

"Waste" means to leave, abandon or allow any edible portion of meat from a big game animal, game bird, game fish or small game animal to become tainted, rotten or otherwise unfit for human consumption prior to processing at a person's home or at a processor.

"Youth license" means a big game license that may be issued to a resident or non-resident person who is at least eleven (11) years of age provided that person shall attain twelve (12) years of age by the end of the same calendar year and who is under eighteen (18) years of age at the time of application.

• For all other species, excluding furbearing animals, requiring a license to take, youth license means a license that may

be issued to a resident or nonresident person who is under eighteen (18) years of age.

Department Website. https://wgfd.wyo.gov

Disabled Hunter Information. Contact the Cheyenne Headquarters or any Department Regional Office for specific information.

Duplicate and Replacement License Issued Upon Loss or Destruction of Original; Purchase and Fees. When any license issued has been lost or destroyed, the licensee may secure a duplicate of the original license from the Cheyenne Headquarters, any Department Regional Office or designated license selling agents. A duplicate license shall be issued if the **original license contained a carcass coupon.** A replacement license shall be issued if the original license **did not contain a carcass coupon.** The licensee may secure a replacement license at the Cheyenne Headquarters, Department Regional Offices or from ELS agents. The Department shall charge a fee of seven dollars ($7) for each duplicate or replacement license.

Emergency Closures. The Commission may institute an emergency closure by regulation to shorten the season in any area at any time if a harvest quota is reached or if an emergency arises warranting the closure. Should a closure become necessary after the season opens, no refunds will be given for unused licenses.

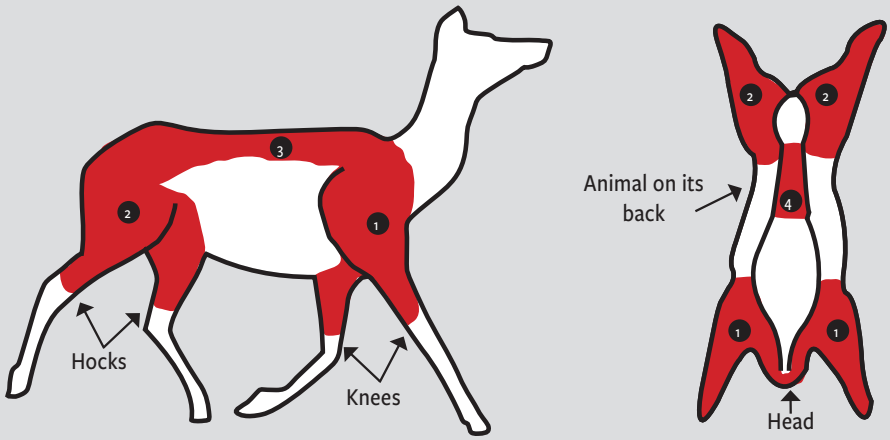
Firearm Calibers for Hunting Big Game, Black Bear, Mountain Lion or Gray Wolf. When hunting **bighorn sheep, elk, moose, mountain goat or black bear** by the use of a firearm, a hunter shall use any center-fire firearm of at least .24 caliber and firing a cartridge of at least two (2) inches in overall length and using an expanding point bullet. When hunting **antelope, deer, mountain lion, or gray wolf** where designated as a trophy game animal, a hunter shall use any center-fire firearm of at least .22 caliber (excluding .22 Hornet) and having a bullet weight of at least sixty (60) grains and firing a cartridge of at least two (2) inches in overall length and using an expanding point bullet.

Big or trophy game animals may be taken with any other cartridge of at least .35 caliber and at least one and one-half (1.5) inches in overall length and using an expanding point bullet, or any shotgun firing "00" or larger buckshot, or a slug. Any muzzle-loading rifle or muzzle-loading handgun of at least .40 caliber and firing an expanding point bullet or lead ball and using a charge of at least fifty (50) grains of black powder or its equivalent may also be used to hunt big or trophy game animals.

Wyoming has no restrictive laws concerning firearms that may be legally possessed under the law of one's home state. Safety dictates that all firearms in a vehicle should be unloaded with the action open.

Guides Required; Exceptions. Issuance of Resident Guide License. No nonresident shall hunt big or trophy game animals on any designated wilderness area, as defined by federal or state law in Wyoming unless accompanied by a licensed professional guide or a resident guide. There shall be at least one (1) licensed professional guide or resident guide accompanying each two (2) nonresident hunters. A resident guide shall not guide more than two (2) hunters in any calendar year on any wilderness area. Any resident possessing a valid big or trophy game animal license shall apply for and receive a free resident guide license prior to guiding any nonresident in designated wilderness areas. A resident guide license may be obtained at no charge from the Cheyenne Headquarters, Department Regional Offices and game wardens.

Edible portions of big game



"Edible portion of big game animal" means the meat from the front quarters as far down as the knees, meat from the hindquarters as far down as the hocks, and the meat along the backbone between the neck and hindquarters including the loins and tenderloins, excluding meat on the ribs and neck.

1. **Front quarter** - meat from the front quarters as far down as the knees
2. **Hind quarter** – meat from the hindquarters as far down as the hocks
3. **Backstrap** - meat along the backbone between the neck and hindquarters
4. **Tenderloins** - tenderloins are located inside body cavity

Harvest Survey. Each year a request to participate in the harvest survey is sent to a sample of hunters. Since a person can hunt multiple species in Wyoming, some hunters may be asked to complete more than one harvest survey questionnaire. Your reply provides critical data the Department uses to evaluate the past hunting season and set future hunting seasons. Even if you did not hunt, we need to hear from you to accurately track hunter effort. We ask that you reply online, if possible, as soon as you are done hunting each species for the year. Your time and assistance are much appreciated.

Hunter Safety/Mentor Program; Exemption. Except as otherwise provided, no person born on or after January 1, 1966, may take wildlife by the use of firearms on land other than that of their own family, unless that person can demonstrate they have obtained a certificate of competency and safety in the use and handling of firearms. Attendance and successful completion of a hunter safety course offered by an association or governmental agency approved by the Commission satisfies the requirements of this section.

• A person who has not received a certificate of competency and safety in the use and handling of firearms may apply to the Department for a special authorization to take wildlife with the use of a firearm while being accompanied by a person acting as a mentor. A special authorization shall be valid for one (1) year from the date of issue and shall be in the possession of the recipient at all times while in the field. The application process may be completed on the Department website. Any person acting as a mentor shall be at least eighteen (18) years of age, shall possess a valid hunting license and shall demonstrate they have successfully completed a hunter safety course. A mentor shall not provide supervision for more than one (1) person at a time in the field, other than immediate family members, and shall accompany the mentee at all times to provide constant supervision.

• A person under fourteen (14) years of age who has not yet received a hunter safety certificate may take small game and game birds while being accompanied by a mentor who possesses a valid Wyoming small game or game bird license and conservation stamp.

• Any active member, honorably discharged past member or veteran of the armed forces of the United States and any active or retired Wyoming peace officer qualified pursuant to Wyoming Statutes § 9-1-701 through § 9-1-707 may obtain an exemption from the hunter safety requirement. Hunter safety exemption applications are available at the Cheyenne Headquarters and Department Regional Offices. **This hunter safety exemption is not valid for hunting elk within Grand Teton National Park (Hunt Areas 75 and 79), or for persons acting as mentors in the Hunter Mentor Program.**

Issuance of Deer and Antelope Limited Quota Licenses, Reduced Price Doe/Fawn Licenses, Elk Limited Quota Licenses and Reduced Price Cow/Calf Licenses.

(a) For deer, no person shall apply for and receive more than one (1) full price deer license (General, Type 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or

9) through the initial drawing. After the initial drawing is completed, any person may apply for and receive up to two (2) full priced deer licenses provided that at least one (1) license is a Limited Quota Type 3 any white-tailed deer license. However, no person shall apply for and receive more than a total of two (2) deer licenses valid for the taking of antlered or any deer, of which not more than one (1) shall be valid for antlered or any mule deer.

(b) For doe/fawn deer, any person may apply for and receive a maximum of two (2) limited quota reduced price doe/fawn deer licenses (Type 6, 7 or 8) through the initial drawing. After the initial drawing is completed, any person may apply for and receive up to four (4) limited quota reduced price doe/fawn deer licenses. However, no person shall apply for and receive more than a total of four (4) limited quota reduced price doe/fawn deer licenses. In Hunt Areas 24 and 65 after the leftover drawing is completed, any person may purchase an unlimited number of limited quota reduced price doe/fawn deer licenses.

(c) For antelope, no person shall apply for and receive more than one (1) full price antelope license (Type 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 9) through the initial drawing. After the initial drawing is completed, any person may apply for and receive up to two (2) full price antelope licenses. However, no person shall apply for and receive more than a total of two (2) full price antelope licenses.

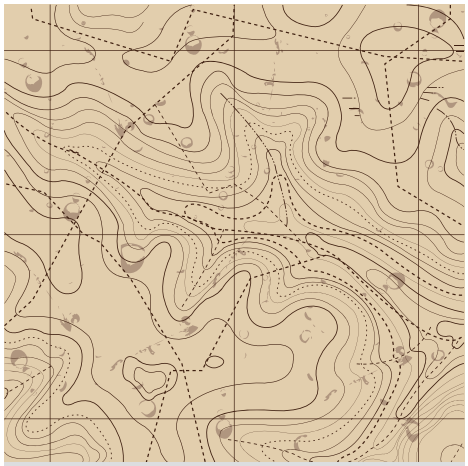
(d) For doe/fawn antelope, any person may apply for and receive a maximum of two (2) limited quota reduced price doe/fawn antelope licenses (Type 6, 7 or 8) through the initial drawing. After the initial drawing is completed, any person may apply for and receive up to four (4) limited quota reduced price doe/fawn antelope licenses. However, no person shall apply for and receive more than a total of four (4) limited quota reduced price doe/fawn antelope licenses.

(e) For elk, no person shall apply for and receive more than one (1) full price license (General, Type 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 9) and one (1) reduced price cow/calf license (Type 6, 7 or 8) through the initial drawing. After the initial drawing, a person may apply for and receive up to a total of three (3) elk licenses, of which no more than one (1) shall be a General, Type 0, 1, 2, 3 or 9 license. However, no person shall apply for and receive more than a total of three (3) elk licenses which shall include not more than one (1) General, Type 0, 1, 2, 3 or 9 license in a single hunting season, except as authorized in Commission regulations.

(g) It is a violation to apply for and receive more than the specified number of licenses allowed by Commission regulations.

Landowner Coupons: Antelope, Deer and Elk. Antelope, deer and elk licenses shall have two (2) coupons attached: one (1) designated "antelope, deer or elk carcass coupon" and one (1) designated "landowner coupon". When an antelope, deer or elk is harvested on a landowner's private land, the landowner coupon shall be promptly detached, dated, signed and delivered to the landowner. Landowner coupons are not transferable.

License Fraud Prohibited; Invalidation by Improper Fees. Department licenses, permits, stamps, tags or coupons shall not be altered by anyone other than authorized Department personnel. No license, permit, stamp, tag or coupon shall be transferred or used for the purpose of taking wildlife except by the individual to whom it was issued and therein named and while in that individual's possession. No individual shall take or attempt to take any wildlife using another individual's license, permit, stamp, tag or coupon. Any license, permit, stamp, or tag shall not be valid unless the proper fees have been received by the Department. Any Wyoming Game and Fish law enforcement officer may seize as evidence any license, permit, stamp or tag that was obtained in violation of Commission regulations or Wyoming statutes.



Common violations

HUNTING IN WRONG AREA

Hunters must know their hunt area boundaries. BLM maps are a good navigation tool. If you have questions about a hunt area boundary, talk to your local game warden or biologist.

Open Hours for Taking Big Game and Trophy Game Animals. Big game and trophy game animals may only be taken from one-half (1/2) hour before sunrise to one-half (1/2) hour after sunset.

Outfitter Information. Hunter responsibility when booking a big or trophy game outfitter or professional guide. No person shall directly or indirectly compensate a person holding themselves out as engaging in the business of, or acting in the capacity of, an outfitter or a professional guide unless that person provides proof that they are a licensed outfitter or professional guide as required by statute. Before hiring an outfitter, the Department advises hunters to consult the Wyoming State Board of Outfitters and Professional Guides to verify the outfitter is licensed by the state of Wyoming. Landowners who outfit on their own deeded land, or deeded lands leased to them, are not required to be licensed as outfitters or guides. Contact: Wyoming State Board of Outfitters at 1950 Bluegrass Circle Suite 280, Cheyenne, Wyoming, 82002 or call toll free 1-800-264-0981. Any license holder utilizing the services of an outfitter shall legibly print the name of the outfitter, the outfitter's license number and the type of outfitter license on the back of licensee's big or trophy game license.

Permission to Hunt, Fish, Trap or Collect Antlers or Horns. No person shall enter upon the private property of any person to hunt, fish, trap or collect antlers or horns without the permission of the landowner or person in charge of the property. The license must bear the signature of the landowner, lessee or agent of the landowner on whose private property the person is accessing or other legitimate proof as evidence that permission to hunt has been granted.

Precautions When Hunting in Areas Occupied by Grizzly Bears. Hunters and anglers are reminded grizzly bears occupy many areas in and around the Bridger-Teton, Shoshone and Caribou-Targhee National Forests in northwest Wyoming. The Department strongly recommends individuals working and recreating in these areas take precautions, including carrying bear pepper spray, to avoid conflicts with grizzly bears. Information about human safety and proper storage of food and other attractants in occupied grizzly habitat is available from the Cheyenne Headquarters, Department Regional Offices, U.S. Forest Service Offices and the Department website. Regulations concerning food/carcass storage in occupied grizzly habitat can be obtained from the U.S. Forest Service. Report all conflicts with grizzly bears to the nearest Department Regional Office.

For information about staying safe in bear country, visit the Department bear wise page: https://wgfd.wyo.gov/Bear-Wise-Print.

Prohibited Acts. It is Illegal to:

• Shoot or attempt to kill any wildlife from any public road or highway. No person shall fire any firearm from, upon, along or across any public road or highway. No person shall knowingly fire any rifle from the enclosed lands of one person onto or across the enclosed lands of another without the permission of both persons.

• Use any dog to hunt, run or harass any big or trophy game animal, protected animal or furbearing animal except as otherwise provided by statute. The Commission shall regulate the use of dogs to take mountain lions and bobcats during hunting or trapping seasons.

• Use any aircraft with the intent to spot, locate and aid in the taking of any game animal from August 1 through January 31 of the following calendar year. Additionally, no person shall use any aircraft to spot, locate and aid in the taking of any trophy game animal during any open season. This shall not apply to the operation of an aircraft in a usual manner where there is no attempt or intent to locate any game animal, such as aircraft used for the sole purpose of passenger transport.

• Take and leave, abandon or allow the edible portion of any game bird, game fish or game animal (except trophy game animal) to intentionally or needlessly go to waste.

• Transport illegally taken wildlife across state lines; such transportation is a violation of the Federal Lacey Act.

• Place any bait for the purpose of taking a big game animal or knowingly take a big game animal by the use of bait, except as authorized by Commission regulation or state statute.

• Allow the edible portions of a big game animal to spoil. Failure to properly dress and care for any big game animal you have killed, and, if the carcass is reasonably accessible, within forty-eight (48) hours to take or transport the carcass to your camp, and there properly care for the carcass is prima facie evidence of a violation.

• Abandon meat from a big game animal or game bird at a meat processing plant. Unless there is an express agreement between the processing plant and the person providing otherwise, any meat from a big game animal or game bird left at a meat processing plant for more than forty-five (45) days is prima facie evidence of a violation if written notice of the expiration of time has been attempted by the processing plant

in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the Commission.

• Carry a firearm with a cartridge therein, or take any wildlife, while intoxicated or under the influence of any controlled substance.

• Harass, pursue, hunt, shoot or kill any Wyoming wildlife except predatory animals with, from or by use of any flying machine, automotive vehicle, trailer, motor-propelled wheeled vehicle or vehicle designed for travel over snow. The Commission may exempt handicapped hunters from any of these provisions. It is also illegal to shoot waterfowl from a boat under power or sail.

Retention of Evidence to Identify Sex, Species and Horn or Antler Development of Big Game Animal Harvested. Any person who takes any big game animal in a hunt area where the taking of either sex, species, or antler or horn development is controlled or prohibited by regulation shall comply with this section while said animal is in transportation from the site of the kill to the residence of the person taking the animal, or delivered to a processor for processing.

(a) In hunt areas where the taking of any big game animal is restricted to antler point or horn size by regulation, the antlers or horns shall accompany the carcass, or edible portions thereof.

(b) In hunt areas where the taking of any big game animal is restricted to a specific sex of animal by regulation, either the visible external sex organs, head or antlers shall accompany the carcass, or edible portions thereof.

(c) In hunt areas where the taking of a species of deer is controlled or prohibited by regulation, either the head or the tail of the deer shall accompany the carcass or edible portion thereof as evidence of the species taken.

Retrieval of Game Animals from the Field.

(a) The Department may require substantive proof from any person who fails to retrieve from the site of kill all edible portions of a big game animal as to why the edible portions were not removed from the field.

(b) Wounding and Retrieving. No person shall wound or kill any game animal without making a reasonable effort to retrieve it and reduce it to possession. For the purpose of this subsection, making a reasonable effort shall include a person physically going to the nearest location where the game animal was when a person attempted to take the game animal, in order to search for any sign the game animal was wounded or killed, and take the game animal into possession.

Shipping Game Animals and Game Birds out of State. Except as otherwise exempt by state statute, no game animal or game bird, or any part thereof, shall be shipped or transported from the state except by the person who harvested the animal, and in possession of the proper license, stamp and carcass coupon as required, or unless the amount does not exceed twenty five (25) pounds and is properly tagged with a Wyoming interstate game tag. Not more than twenty five (25) pounds from any one (1) big or trophy game animal may be exported from the state unless the part to be exported from the state is of a nonedible trophy or hidelike nature and properly tagged with a Wyoming interstate game tag or the big or trophy game animal was legally harvested by a nonresident and is tagged with a Wyoming interstate game tag.

Shipping Game Animals and Game Birds within Wyoming. Except as otherwise exempt by state statute, no person shall ship, transport or receive for shipment or transportation within Wyoming any game animal, game bird, or any part thereof, unless tagged with a Wyoming interstate game tag, or unless the transportation of a big or trophy game animal is by a person in possession of a proper carcass coupon signed and dated by the person who harvested the animal, or the transportation of game birds or small game is by a properly licensed hunter in possession of not more than the daily bag or possession limit.

Taking Predatory Animals and Predacious Birds. Predatory animals and predacious birds may be taken without a license.

Common violations

NO FLUORESCENT ORANGE/FLUORESCENT PINK CLOTHING

Big game and trophy game rifle and muzzleloader hunters are required to wear one exterior garment of fluorescent orange or fluorescent pink. This also applies to archery hunters hunting during the rifle season. This could be a hat, shirt, jacket, coat, vest or sweater. Fluorescent orange or fluorescent pink camouflage is legal.

Use of Leashed Dogs for Tracking. A person may use one (1) leashed blood-trailing dog to track a wounded or killed big game animal within seventy-two (72) hours of shooting the animal. A person using a dog in this manner:

• Shall maintain physical control of the dog at all times by means of a maximum fifty (50) foot leash attached to the collar or harness of the dog;

• Shall wear fluorescent orange or fluorescent pink consistent with Wyoming Statute § 23-3-113(a);

• May kill the wounded animal using any weapon authorized under the hunting license; and,

• Shall, in accordance with Wyoming Statute § 23-3-104, attach the proper coupon to the carcass of any animal killed under the hunting license.

A person acting solely as a dog handler accompanying the licensed hunter that wounded the game animal is exempt from the licensing requirement of this act. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a dog handler to hunt without a license.

Use of Specialized Hunting Technologies and Equipment.

(a) No person shall use any device attached to a legal firearm, muzzleloader or archery equipment, capable of producing a thermal or infrared image, or other imaging outside the normal visible light spectrum, with the intent to spot, locate and aid in the taking of any big game animal, trophy game animal or wild bison.

(b) No person shall use any real-time video photography equipment, thermal or infrared imaging device, or other imaging device outside the normal visible light spectrum, with the intent to spot, locate and aid in the taking of any big game animal, trophy game animal or wild bison.

(c) A trail camera, or similar device, that can only store an image, picture or video inside the device, and which does not have the capability to utilize cellular or WiFi technology to transmit images or video for remote viewing is permissible for use in the taking of any big game animal, trophy game animal or wild bison.

(d) No person shall sell or barter any geographic location information for any big game animal, trophy game animal or wild bison to aid in the taking of any big game animal, trophy game animal or wild bison.

Vehicle Restrictions on Federal Land. Sportspersons are advised that many areas of National Forest and Bureau of Land Management lands are subject to travel and vehicle use limitations to protect resources. Maps and additional information regarding these limitations are available at U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management and other agency offices near these public lands.

Wilderness Areas. Nonresident big game and trophy game hunters must be accompanied by a professional or resident guide when hunting in designated wilderness areas.

Wildlife Violator Compact. Wyoming is a member of the Wildlife Violator Compact. The Compact enables a violator from any member state to accept a wildlife citation and proceed on their way without being required to post an appearance bond unless the violation requires MUST APPEAR and NO BOND ACCEPTED. The Compact provides for the suspension of wildlife license privileges in the home state of any person whose license privileges have been suspended by a participating state. If you have had your privileges suspended in any of the participating states, you may lose your privileges in Wyoming, in addition to all the participating Compact states. Additional information about the Compact can be obtained by contacting the Wildlife Law Enforcement Coordinator at (307) 233-6413.

Wind River Reservation. Only non-Indian owned, fee title lands are open to the taking of wildlife with a State of Wyoming license. Land status is complicated and lawful access must be investigated thoroughly. Sportspersons are advised it is their responsibility to determine land status prior to entering these areas.

Wyoming State Parks. Wyoming State Parks allow limited hunting opportunities at specific locations and may have additional restrictions and regulations for access and hunting. Sportspersons are encouraged to contact Wyoming State Parks at wyoparks.wyo.gov or contact the individual State Park Office for additional information prior to hunting.

Section 3. Special Archery Seasons.

(a) There shall be special archery antelope hunting seasons on the dates specified in Section 2. Special archery hunting seasons are specific to individual hunt areas by license type. During the special archery hunting seasons, archers are restricted to the limitations associated with the special archery season dates for a hunt area and license type.

(b) Archers shall possess a limited quota antelope license and an archery license in order to hunt antelope with archery equipment during any special archery season.

(i) Type 9 limited quota antelope licenses are valid for "archery only" and do not require a separate archery license.

(ii) Type 0 limited quota antelope licenses are valid for specialized hunting equipment, such as muzzle-loading firearms or handguns, and are not valid for use with archery equipment during any special archery antelope seasons.

Section 4. Hunting Season Extension Permits.

(a) Any person qualified for and in possession of a Hunting Season Extension Permit issued by the Department in accordance with Commission regulation may hunt antelope starting five (5) days prior to the earliest opening regular season date in the hunt area(s) for which their license type is valid and is restricted to the limitations of their license type for the earliest opening regular season date as specified in Section 2 of this Chapter.

(b) Hunters participating in a hunting season extension shall be in possession of a Hunting Season Extension Permit which shall be immediately produced for inspection upon request of an officer authorized to enforce this regulation.

REMINDER:

Every hunter born on or after January 1, 1966 is required to show proof of having completed an approved hunter safety course while hunting in the field, unless otherwise exempt.

5 TIPS TO INSPIRE A YOUNG HUNTER

Safety is paramount. Attend a Hunter Education class together, and reinforce safe gun handling.

Bring plenty of snacks and dry, warm clothes. Unforeseen adventures may be part of the story, but being cold, hungry and tired can turn off a youngster.

Practice, practice, practice. Confidence in their shot will combat nervousness.

Start with shorter hunts. Build stamina, interest and appreciation of Wyoming's great outdoors.

Meet a Game Warden and/or a wildlife biologist. Keep them comfortable around law enforcement, and learn about the species you'll be hunting and seeing.

inspire a KID it's for life

Search for "inspire a kid" on the wyoming game and fish webpage for activities and ideas to get kids interested in wyoming's wildlife and outdoor resources.

For additional youth hunting opportunities, see Section 5 on pages 35 and 57.

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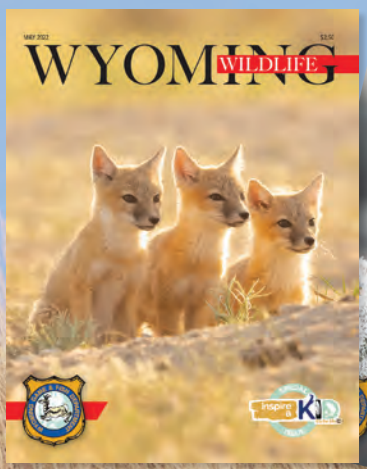

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FOOD FROM THE FIELD

WYOMING HUNGER INITIATIVE

This hunting season, share your deer, elk, antelope and moose harvest with a Wyoming neighbor in need. Donate all or part of your harvest to the Food from the Field program.

- Enjoy a safe and successful hunt
- Carefully field-dress and fill out the carcass coupon
- A CWD sample is required for deer, elk and moose
  - A hunter can transport the carcass (the head is required) to a participating processor for CWD sample removal OR a hunter can remove the CWD sample in the field and bring the sample with them to the participating processor. The processor will submit the sample to the Wildlife Health Lab.
- Take the carcass to a Food from the Field participating processor (check out the website to find who those are)
- Complete the Hunter Log Form at the participating processor
- Know you just helped feed a Wyoming neighbor in need

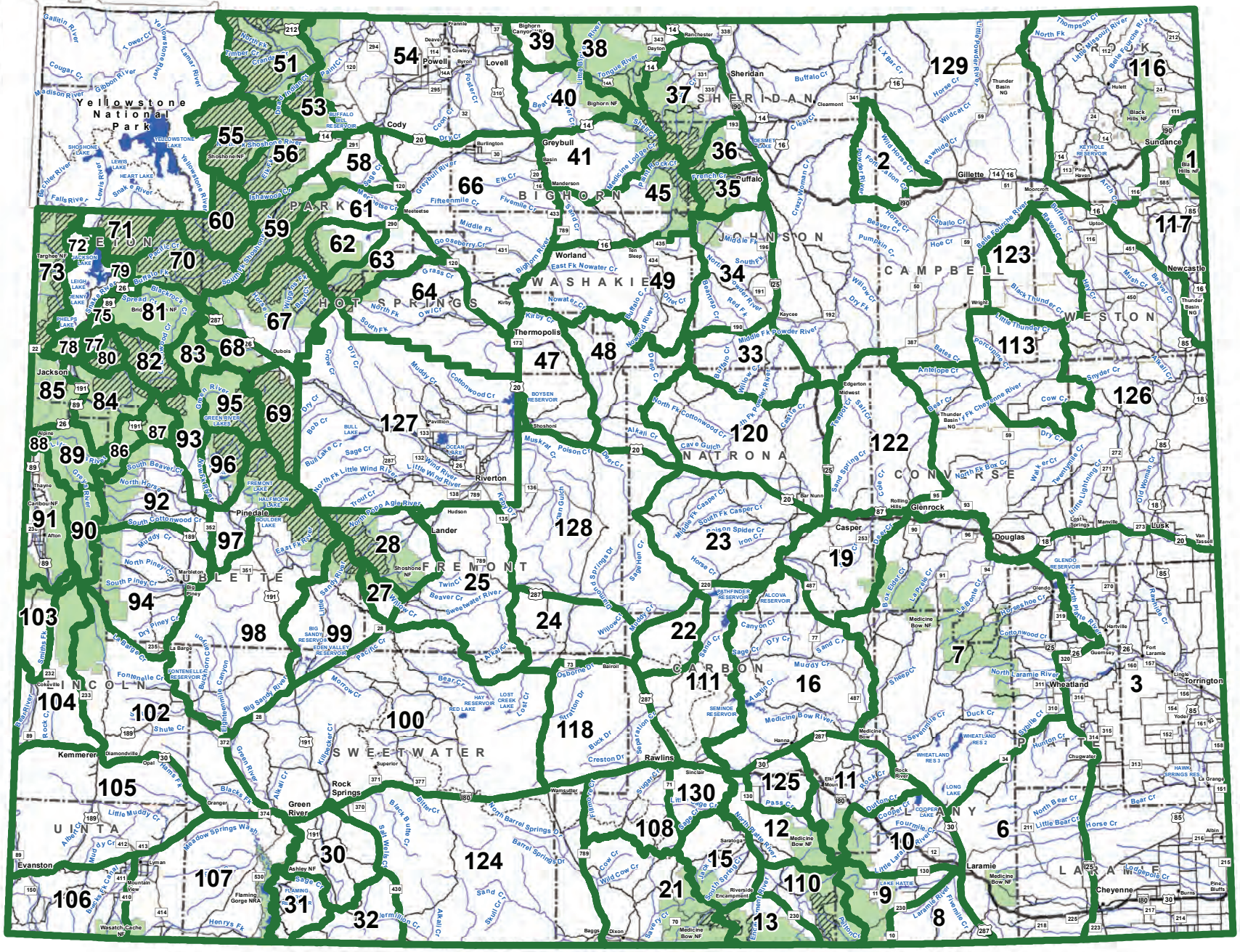
Learn more about the program and participating processors at https://www.nohungerwyo.org/field

WYOMING HUNGER INITIATIVE

Wyoming Department of Agriculture

Wyoming Game & Fish Department

2022 ELK HUNT AREAS


Yellowstone National Park
BIGHORN
CARBON
CAMPBELL
CONVERSE
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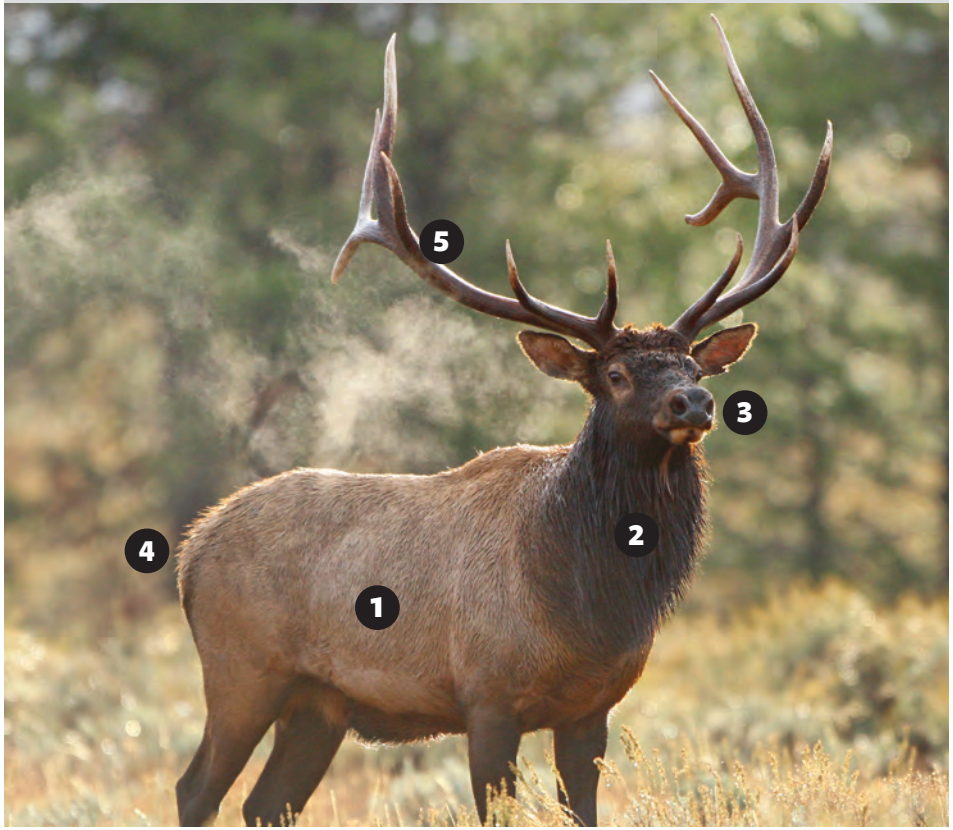
HOT SPRINGS
JOHNSON
LARAMIE
LINCOLN
NATRONA
PARK
SHERIDAN
SUBLETTE
SWEETWATER
UINTA
WASHAKIE
WESTON
Cody
Powell
Lovell
Sheridan
Buffalo
Gillette
Sundance
Newcastle
Thermopolis
Worland
Riverton
Lander
Casper
Douglas
Glenrock
Wheatland
Torrington
Rawlins
Rock Springs
Green River
Kemmerer
Evanston
Laramie
Cheyenne
Jackson
Pinedale
Dubois
Afton
Lusk
Guernsey
Hartville
Medicine Bow
Saratoga
Encampment
Riverside
Baggs
Dixon
Ashley NF
Flaming Gorge NRA
Wasatch-Cache NF
Medicine Bow NF
Bighorn NF
Shoshone NF
Black Hills NF
Thunder Basin NG
Bridger-Teton NF
Caribou-Targhee NF
Shoshone River
Bighorn River
Wind River
Green River
North Platte River
Sweetwater River
Little Missouri River
Cheyenne River
Powder River
Little Powder River
Belle Fourche River
Little Bighorn River
Tongue River
Clarks Fork Yellowstone River
Yellowstone River
Madison River
Gallatin River
Snake River
Lewis River
Buffalo Bill Reservoir
Boysen Reservoir
Ocean Lake
Pathfinder Reservoir
Alcova Reservoir
Seminoe Reservoir
Glendo Reservoir
Keyhole Reservoir
Cottonwood Creek
Muddy Creek
Medicine Bow River
Little Muddy Creek
Little Bear Creek
Little Laramie River
Little Thunder Creek
Little Lightning Creek
Little Sandy River
Little Popo Agie River
Little Wind River
Little Snake River
Little Powder River
Little Bighorn River
Little Missouri

Section 2. Elk Hunting Seasons. Hunt areas, season dates and limitations.

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
1	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 30	100	Any elk
1	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 30	75	Antlerless elk
2	Gen	Sep. 20	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 20		Any elk
2	Gen			Oct. 21	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
2	6			Oct. 1	Nov. 15	100	Cow or calf
3	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 14	Sep. 15	Oct. 14		Any elk
3	Gen			Oct. 15	Jan. 31		Any elk valid south of U.S. Highway 26
3	6			Aug. 15	Nov. 30	200	Cow or calf
3	6			Dec. 1	Jan. 31		Cow or calf valid south of U.S. Highway 26
6	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31		Any elk valid off national forest
6	Gen			Nov. 1	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk valid off national forest
6	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	75	Any elk
6	1			Nov. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk
6	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Jan. 31	50	Antlerless elk
6	6			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	1100	Cow or calf valid off national forest
7	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 20	1500	Any elk
7	1			Nov. 21	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk
7	2			Nov. 21	Dec. 31	350	Antlered elk five (5) points or less on either antler; valid in Converse County
7	4			Aug. 15	Oct. 14	1200	Antlerless elk valid on private land; valid in all of Platte County
7	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk valid in the entire area
7	6			Aug. 15	Oct. 14	2250	Cow or calf valid on private land; valid in all of Platte County
7	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Dec. 31		Cow or calf valid in the entire area
7	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Jan. 1	Jan. 31	50	Cow or calf
8	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Jan. 31	150	Any elk
8	6			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	200	Cow or calf
8	7			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	100	Cow and calf valid on private land
9	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk

ELK CHARACTERISTICS

1. **Body** - Tends to be reddish and lighter brown with darker legs.
2. **Neck** – The neck is usually a chestnut brown, darker than the body.
3. **Snout** – Their noses are slender.
4. **Rump** – Pale yellow in color.
5. **Antlers** – On bulls, two (2) years and older, the antlers have visible brown tines coming off a main beam.



Elk

ELK

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
9	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 31	250	Cow or calf
9, 10	7			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	350	Cow or calf valid off national forest
10	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
10	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 31	100	Cow or calf
11	1	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 30	200	Any elk
11	1			Dec. 1	Jan. 31		Any elk valid off national forest; the Wyoming Game and Fish Commission's Wick Wildlife Habitat Management Area south of Interstate 80 shall be closed
11	4	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 30	300	Antlerless elk
11	6			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	250	Cow or calf valid off national forest; the Wyoming Game and Fish Commission's Wick Wildlife Habitat Management Area south of Interstate 80 shall be closed
11	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	75	Any elk, archery only
12	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
12	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 14	200	Cow or calf
12	6			Nov. 15	Dec. 31		Cow or calf valid off national forest and off Pennock Mountain Wildlife Habitat Management Area
12, 13, 15, 110	7			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	300	Cow or calf valid on private land
13	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
13	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 14	100	Cow or calf
13	6			Nov. 15	Dec. 31		Cow or calf valid off national forest
15	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
15	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 14	150	Cow or calf
15	6			Nov. 15	Dec. 31		Cow or calf valid off national forest
16	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	225	Any elk
16	1			Dec. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk
16	2	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 30	75	Any elk
16	2			Dec. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
16	4			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	300	Antlerless elk valid on private land; also valid on or within one-half (1/2) mile of irrigated land and on the Hanna Draw Hunter Management Area (HMA permission slip required)
16	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk valid in the entire area
16	6			Aug. 15	Sep. 30	300	Cow or calf valid on private land; also valid on or within one-half (1/2) mile of irrigated land and on the Hanna Draw Hunter Management Area (HMA permission slip required)
16	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 30		Cow or calf valid in the entire area
16	7			Dec. 1	Jan. 31	200	Cow or calf
19	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 14	150	Any elk
19	1			Dec. 1	Dec. 14		Any elk
19	1			Dec. 15	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk
19	2	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 20	175	Any elk
19	2			Dec. 1	Dec. 14		Any elk
19	2			Dec. 15	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk
19	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 14	125	Antlerless elk
19	4			Nov. 21	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk
19	5	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Jan. 31	125	Antlerless elk
19	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 14	225	Cow or calf
19	6			Nov. 1	Jan. 31		Cow or calf
21	Gen-Youth only	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 13	Oct. 31		Any elk; youth only
21	Gen			Oct. 15	Oct. 17		Antlered elk
21	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 18	Oct. 31		Any elk
21	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
21	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 15	300	Cow or calf
21	7			Aug. 15	Dec. 31	25	Cow or calf valid on private land
22	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 8	Oct. 31	60	Any elk
22	1			Nov. 15	Dec. 15		Any elk; also valid in Area 111

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
22	1			Dec. 16	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk
22	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 8	Oct. 31	50	Cow or calf valid in the Muddy Creek Drainage
22	6			Nov. 1	Dec. 31		Cow or calf valid in the entire area
23	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	150	Any elk
23	1			Nov. 15	Dec. 15		Any elk
23	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	175	Antlerless elk
23	4			Nov. 15	Dec. 15		Antlerless elk; also valid in Area 128
23	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	200	Cow or calf
23	6			Nov. 15	Dec. 15		Cow or calf
24	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 14	175	Any elk
24	1			Nov. 1	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
24	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 14	75	Antlerless elk
24	4			Nov. 1	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk; also valid in Area 128
24	5	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 30	175	Antlerless elk
25, 27	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	150	Any elk
25	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 11	Oct. 31	75	Antlerless elk
25	5	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 21	Oct. 31	75	Antlerless elk
25	5			Nov. 1	Nov. 10		Antlerless elk valid north of the Sweetwater River
25	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 20	100	Cow or calf valid north of the Sweetwater River
27	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 20	75	Antlerless elk
28	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 14		Any elk
28	Gen			Oct. 15	Oct. 22		Antlerless elk
28	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 20	175	Antlerless elk
30	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	50	Any elk
30	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 8	Nov. 15	100	Antlerless elk
31	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	75	Any elk
31	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 8	Nov. 15	200	Antlerless elk

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
32	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	50	Any elk
32	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 8	Dec. 31	75	Antlerless elk
32	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	25	Antlerless elk, archery only
33	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Oct. 31	200	Any elk
33	1			Nov. 1	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk
33	4			Aug. 15	Sep. 30	150	Antlerless elk valid on private land east of Buffalo Creek and the Bar C Road (B.L.M. Road 6214)
33	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk valid in the entire area
33	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Dec. 31	300	Cow or calf
34	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Nov. 15	800	Any elk
34	1			Nov. 16	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk
34	6			Aug. 15	Oct. 8	700	Cow or calf valid on private land on or within one (1) mile of irrigated land
34	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Dec. 31		Cow or calf valid off national forest
35	1	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 5	150	Any elk
35	1			Nov. 6	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk
35	4	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Dec. 31	250	Antlerless elk
35	6			Aug. 15	Oct. 14	350	Cow or calf valid on private land
35	6	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Dec. 31		Cow or calf valid off national forest
35	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	75	Any elk, archery only
36	Gen	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 5		Antlered elk
36	4	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Dec. 31	300	Antlerless elk
36	6			Oct. 1	Oct. 14	250	Cow or calf valid off national forest north of Rock Creek
36	6	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 5		Cow or calf valid in the entire area
36	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	50	Any elk, archery only
37	Gen	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 10	Oct. 31		Any elk
37	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
37	6	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 31	500	Cow or calf
37	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	150	Any elk, archery only

ELK

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
38	1			Oct. 10	Oct. 31	400	Any elk
38	1			Nov. 1	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
38	4			Oct. 1	Nov. 15	550	Antlerless elk
38	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	250	Any elk, archery only
39	1			Oct. 10	Nov. 4	200	Any elk
39	1			Nov. 5	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
39	4			Oct. 1	Nov. 30	150	Antlerless elk
39	6			Oct. 1	Nov. 4	75	Cow or calf valid off national forest
39	6			Nov. 5	Nov. 30		Cow or calf valid in the entire area
39	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	75	Any elk, archery only
40	1			Oct. 15	Nov. 4	225	Any elk
40	1			Nov. 5	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
40	4			Oct. 15	Nov. 30	125	Antlerless elk
40	5			Oct. 1	Oct. 10	125	Antlerless elk
40	5			Oct. 15	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
40	6			Sep. 1	Nov. 4	100	Cow or calf valid off national forest
40	6			Nov. 5	Nov. 30		Cow or calf valid in the entire area
40	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	100	Any elk, archery only
41	1			Oct. 15	Nov. 4	200	Any elk
41	2			Nov. 5	Nov. 20	175	Any elk
41	3			Sep. 1	Oct. 14	75	Any elk valid off national forest north of Trapper Creek
41	4			Oct. 1	Oct. 10	350	Antlerless elk
41	4			Oct. 15	Nov. 20		Antlerless elk
41	6			Dec. 1	Dec. 21	350	Cow or calf
41	7			Sep. 1	Oct. 14	150	Cow or calf valid off national forest north of Trapper Creek
41	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	150	Any elk, archery only
45	1	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 4	350	Any elk
45	4	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 30	250	Antlerless elk
45	5	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 10	200	Antlerless elk

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
45	5			Nov. 5	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
45	6			Aug. 15	Nov. 30	225	Cow or calf valid off national forest
45	7			Dec. 1	Dec. 21	200	Cow or calf
45	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	150	Any elk, archery only
47	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Oct. 31	150	Any elk
47	1			Nov. 1	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
47	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Nov. 30	50	Cow or calf
48	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Oct. 31	400	Any elk
48	1			Nov. 7	Dec. 15		Antlerless elk
48	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Oct. 31	125	Antlerless elk
48	4			Nov. 7	Dec. 15		Antlerless elk
48	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Oct. 31	700	Cow or calf
48	6			Nov. 7	Dec. 15		Cow or calf
49	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Oct. 31	350	Any elk
49	1			Nov. 7	Dec. 21		Antlerless elk
49	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Oct. 31	100	Antlerless elk
49	4			Nov. 7	Dec. 21		Antlerless elk
49	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 14	Sep. 15	Oct. 31	850	Cow or calf
49	6			Nov. 7	Dec. 21		Cow or calf
51	1			Oct. 1	Oct. 31	100	Any elk south and west of the Clarks Fork River
51	2			Oct. 1	Oct. 31	40	Any elk north and east of the Clarks Fork River
51	4			Nov. 16	Dec. 15	100	Antlerless elk
51	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	70	Any elk, archery only
53	1			Oct. 1	Oct. 31	10	Any elk
53	2			Nov. 1	Nov. 30	35	Any elk valid in the North Fork Shoshone River Drainage
53	4			Oct. 1	Dec. 15	25	Antlerless elk
53	6			Oct. 15	Dec. 21	75	Cow or calf valid in the North Fork Shoshone River Drainage
53	7			Sep. 1	Dec. 21	25	Cow or calf valid on private land

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
53	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	10	Any elk, archery only
54	1			Oct. 1	Nov. 30	50	Any elk valid south of the Clarks Fork River
54	2			Oct. 1	Oct. 31	25	Any elk valid north of the Clarks Fork River
54	6			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	150	Cow or calf valid on private land or east of Wyoming Highway 120
54	6			Oct. 1	Oct. 31		Cow or calf valid in the entire area
54	7			Nov. 1	Nov. 24	300	Cow or calf
54	7			Nov. 25	Dec. 21		Cow or calf valid east of Wyoming Highway 120 or north of Clarks Fork River
54	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	35	Any elk, archery only
55	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	50	Any elk
55	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	25	Any elk, archery only
56	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30				Any elk
56	Gen			Oct. 1	Oct. 21		Antlered elk
56	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Dec. 7	10	Any elk
56	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 21	100	Cow or calf
56	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 21	100	Cow or calf valid off national forest
56	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	30	Any elk, archery only
58	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 30	35	Any elk
58	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 21	75	Cow or calf
59	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30				Any elk
59	Gen			Oct. 1	Oct. 21		Antlered elk
59	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 15	10	Any elk
59	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 21	125	Cow or calf
59	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30				Cow or calf valid in the entire area
59	7			Oct. 1	Nov. 15	50	Cow or calf valid within the Washakie Wilderness
59	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	25	Any elk, archery only
60	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 19				Any elk
60	Gen			Sep. 20	Oct. 22		Antlered elk
60	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	20	Any elk, archery only

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
61	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30				Any elk valid in the entire area, also valid in that portion of Area 62 within the Washakie Wilderness south of Avalanche Creek
61	1			Oct. 1	Oct. 31	150	Any elk valid within the Washakie Wilderness, also valid in that portion of Area 62 within the Washakie Wilderness south of Avalanche Creek
61	2	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 7	Nov. 15	50	Any elk
61	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Dec. 21	200	Antlerless elk
61	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 7	Dec. 21	400	Cow or calf
61	7			Sep. 1	Dec. 21	500	Cow or calf valid on or within one-half (1/2) mile of irrigated land or north of and including the Rawhide Creek Drainage
61	7			Jan. 1	Jan. 15		Cow or calf valid on or within one-half (1/2) mile of irrigated land or north of and including the Rawhide Creek Drainage
62	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 21	125	Any elk
62	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 21	75	Antlerless elk
62, 63	5	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 22	Dec. 21	150	Antlerless elk
63, 64	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 21	200	Any elk
63, 64	2	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 21	25	Any elk valid within the Washakie Wilderness
63, 64	3	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 15	75	Any elk
63	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 21	100	Antlerless elk
63	6			Aug. 15	Oct. 31	200	Cow or calf valid off national forest north of Gooseberry Creek
63	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Dec. 21		Cow or calf valid in the entire area
64	6			Sep. 1	Nov. 14	200	Cow or calf valid in that portion of the Cottonwood Creek Drainage downstream of and including the 21-Creek Drainage, also valid within the Grass Creek Drainage downstream of the Grass Creek/Little Grass Creek confluence
64	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 15	Dec. 21		Cow or calf valid in the entire area

ELK

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
64	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Dec. 21	300	Cow or calf valid south of and including the Cottonwood Creek Drainage
66	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 21		Any elk
66	6			Aug. 15	Jan. 15	100	Cow or calf
67	Gen	Sep. 15	Sep. 30				Any elk
67	Gen			Oct. 1	Oct. 10		Antlered elk
67	Gen			Oct. 11	Oct. 31		Antlered elk, spikes excluded
67	4	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Dec. 15	350	Antlerless elk
67	6	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Nov. 15	Dec. 15	700	Cow or calf valid west of the Wiggins Fork and west of the East Fork downstream from the confluence with the Wiggins Fork
67, 68, 69	9			Sep. 1	Sep. 30	150	Any elk, archery only
68	Gen	Sep. 15	Sep. 30				Any elk
68	Gen			Oct. 1	Oct. 10		Antlered elk
68	Gen			Oct. 11	Oct. 31		Antlered elk, spikes excluded
68	6	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 30	50	Cow or calf
69	Gen	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31		Any elk
69	6	Sep. 15	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 30	25	Cow or calf
70 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 19				Any elk
70 ❖	Gen			Sep. 20	Oct. 31		Antlered elk, spikes excluded
71 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 19				Any elk
71 ❖	Gen			Sep. 20	Oct. 31		Antlered elk, spikes excluded
72							Closed
73	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 19				Any elk
73	Gen			Sep. 20	Oct. 25		Antlered elk, spikes excluded
73	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 19				Cow or calf valid in the entire area
73	6			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	35	Cow or calf valid on private land

❖ **ELK SPECIAL MANAGEMENT PERMIT REQUIRED**

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
75 ❖	4			Nov. 5	Nov. 20	50	Antlerless elk; the Snake River Bottom portion shall be closed; also valid in that portion of Area 81 west of the Shadow Mountain Loop Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30340)
75 ❖	4			Nov. 21	Dec. 11		Antlerless elk; the Snake River Bottom and Antelope Flats portions shall be closed
75 ❖	6			Nov. 5	Nov. 20	425	Cow or calf; the Snake River Bottom portion shall be closed
75 ❖	6			Nov. 21	Dec. 11		Cow or calf; the Snake River Bottom and Antelope Flats portions shall be closed
77 ❖				Oct. 11	Oct 25		General license and unused limited quota licenses, excluding limited quota cow or calf licenses, valid for any elk
77 ❖				Oct. 26	Nov. 23		General license and unused limited quota licenses; antlerless elk
77 ❖	Youth only			Nov. 24	Nov. 26		National Elk Refuge permits shall be issued only for those in possession of a full price youth elk license, any elk; youth only
77 ❖				Nov. 27	Dec. 16		General license and unused limited quota licenses, antlerless elk
78 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 25				Any elk valid in the entire area
78 ❖	Gen			Aug. 15	Oct. 31		Antlerless elk valid on private land
78 ❖	1			Aug. 15	Sep. 25	50	Any elk valid off national forest
78 ❖	1			Sep. 26	Jan. 31		Any elk valid in the entire area
78 ❖	2			Aug. 15	Oct. 31	50	Any elk valid on private land
78 ❖	6			Aug. 15	Sep. 25	175	Cow or calf valid off national forest

Common violations

❖ ELK SPECIAL MANAGEMENT PERMIT

Elk hunters are reminded that an Elk Special Management Permit is required to hunt elk hunt areas associated with elk feedgrounds, which includes most elk hunt areas in the Jackson and Pinedale regions. Specifically, **an Elk Special Management Permit is required to hunt elk in Elk Hunt Areas 70, 71, 75, 77, 78 and 80-98.** These permits can be purchased for $15.50 from the Cheyenne Headquarters, Department Regional offices, the Department website and designated license selling agents.

❖ **ELK SPECIAL MANAGEMENT PERMIT REQUIRED**

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
78 ❖	6			Sep. 26	Jan. 31		Cow or calf valid in the entire area
79							Closed
80 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 25	Sep. 26	Oct. 31		Any elk
80 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 25	Oct. 15	Nov. 20	300	Cow or calf
80 ❖	6			Nov. 21	Nov. 30		Cow or calf valid south of the Curtis Canyon and Sheep Creek Roads (U.S.F.S. Road 30440 and 30445)
81 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 25				Any elk
81 ❖	Gen			Sep. 26	Oct. 25		Antlered elk, spikes excluded
82 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 25				Any elk
82 ❖	Gen			Sep. 26	Oct. 25		Antlered elk, spikes excluded
82 ❖	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 9	Sep. 10	Nov. 15	40	Antlerless elk
82 ❖	4			Nov. 16	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk valid on private land; also valid on private land in Area 81
83 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30				Any elk
83 ❖	Gen			Oct. 1	Oct. 25		Antlered elk, spikes excluded
84 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 25				Any elk
84 ❖	Gen			Sep. 26	Oct. 31		Any elk, spikes excluded
84 ❖	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 7		Antlerless elk
84 ❖	1			Nov. 1	Jan. 31	20	Any elk valid on private land west of U.S. Highway 191 and north and east of the Snake River starting at the South Park Bridge
84 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 25	Sep. 26	Nov. 20	300	Cow or calf; that portion of Area 84 east and south of Granite Creek to the Hoback River shall be closed after October 31
84 ❖, 85 ❖	7			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	250	Cow or calf valid on private land in Area 84; also valid in that portion of Area 85 on or within 200 yards of irrigated land north of Fall Creek
85 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 25				Any elk
85 ❖	Gen			Sep. 26	Oct. 31		Any elk, spikes excluded
85 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 25	Sep. 26	Oct. 31	100	Cow or calf

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
86 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 25	Sep. 26	Oct. 31		Any elk
86 ❖	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
87 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
87 ❖	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
87 ❖	6			Dec. 1	Jan. 31	75	Cow or calf valid south and east of Dell Creek, and west of North Fork Fisherman Creek
87 ❖	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 15	100	Cow or calf
88 ❖	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	40	Any elk
88 ❖	1			Nov. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk valid south of Peterson Lane and south and west of the Greys River Wildlife Habitat Management Area Elk Fence
89 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 19		Any elk
89 ❖	Gen			Oct. 20	Oct. 25		Antlered elk
90 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 19		Any elk
90 ❖	Gen			Oct. 20	Oct. 25		Antlered elk
90 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 25	50	Cow or calf
91 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
91 ❖	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	100	Any elk
91 ❖	1			Nov. 1	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk
91 ❖	1			Jan. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk valid in the entire area. Archery, muzzleloading firearm or shotgun only in that portion of Area 91 south of Cedar Creek and east of Muddy String Road (Lincoln County Road 117), north of Lost Creek Road (Lincoln County Road 120), and north of Lost Creek, off national forest
91 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 31	250	Cow or calf
91 ❖	6			Jan. 1	Jan. 31		Cow or calf valid in the entire area. Archery, muzzleloading firearm or shotgun only in that portion of Area 91 south of Cedar Creek and east of Muddy String Road (Lincoln County Road 117), north of Lost Creek Road (Lincoln County Road 120), and north of Lost Creek, off national forest

❖ ELK SPECIAL MANAGEMENT PERMIT REQUIRED

ELK

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
91 ❖	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Jan. 31	100	Cow or calf valid west of U.S. Highway 89 and south of Wyoming Highway 239
92 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
92 ❖	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
92 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 25	250	Cow or calf
92 ❖	6			Nov. 26	Jan. 31		Cow or calf valid north of Wyoming Highway 354 and Sublette County Road 112, east of Sublette County Road 115, and south of South Beaver Creek
93 ❖	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	175	Any elk
93 ❖	1			Nov. 1	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
93 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 30	275	Cow or calf
94 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
94 ❖	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
94 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 25	400	Cow or calf
94 ❖	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 30	100	Cow or calf valid north of Middle Piney Creek
94 ❖	7			Dec. 1	Jan. 31		Cow or calf valid on private land north of North Piney Creek
95 ❖	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 5	200	Any elk
95 ❖	2	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 5	30	Any elk valid within the Green River Drainage upstream from the outlet of Lower Green River Lake, including that portion east and south of Mill Creek
95 ❖	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 5	150	Antlerless elk
95 ❖	5	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 5	25	Antlerless elk valid within the Green River Drainage upstream from the outlet of Lower Green River Lake, including that portion east and south of Mill Creek
95 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 5	25	Cow or calf
96 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
96 ❖	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
96 ❖	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	250	Any elk
96 ❖	1			Nov. 1	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
96 ❖	2			Dec. 1	Jan. 31	20	Any elk valid west of the elk fence and south of the New Fork Lake Road.
96 ❖	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 30	150	Antlerless elk
96 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 30	150	Cow or calf
96 ❖	7			Dec. 1	Jan. 31	25	Cow or calf valid west of the elk fence and south of the New Fork Lake Road
97 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 19	Oct. 1	Oct. 15		Any elk
97 ❖	Gen			Oct. 16	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
97 ❖	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 19	Sep. 20	Oct. 31	225	Any elk
97 ❖	1			Nov. 1	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
97 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 19	Sep. 20	Nov. 30	175	Cow or calf
98 ❖	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 19	Oct. 1	Oct. 15		Any elk
98 ❖	Gen			Oct. 16	Nov. 15		Antlerless elk
98 ❖	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 19	Sep. 20	Oct. 31	350	Any elk
98 ❖	1			Nov. 1	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
98 ❖	1			Dec. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk valid between Scab Creek and the East Fork River
98 ❖	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 19	Sep. 20	Nov. 30	75	Antlerless elk
98 ❖	4			Dec. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk valid between Scab Creek and the East Fork River
98 ❖	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 19	Sep. 20	Nov. 30	300	Cow or calf
98 ❖	6			Dec. 1	Jan. 31		Cow or calf valid between Scab Creek and the East Fork River
99	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	150	Any elk
99	1			Nov. 1	Nov. 20		Antlerless elk
99	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 20	175	Antlerless elk
100	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 8	Oct. 31	200	Any elk
100	2	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 22	Nov. 11	100	Antlered elk five (5) points or less on either antler; any elk valid within the Farson-Eden Irrigation Project
100	2			Nov. 12	Jan. 31		Any elk valid within within the Farson-Eden Irrigation Project

❖ ELK SPECIAL MANAGEMENT PERMIT REQUIRED

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
100	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 11	175	Antlerless elk
100	5	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 12	Dec. 31	200	Antlerless elk
100	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 30	25	Cow or calf valid east of Sweetwater County Road 19, south of Sweetwater County Road 82, east of Sweetwater County Road 21 and south of Sweetwater County Road 20
100	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31	100	Cow or calf valid east of U.S. Highway 191, south of Sweetwater County Road 17 and Sweetwater County Road 15, and west of Sweetwater County Road 19
102	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 24		Any elk
102	Gen			Oct. 25	Oct. 31		Antlerless elk
102	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 30	200	Cow or calf
102	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Dec. 15	Jan. 31	100	Cow or calf
103	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 24		Any elk
103	Gen			Oct. 25	Oct. 31		Antlerless elk
103	6			Aug. 15	Aug. 31	150	Cow or calf valid on or within one quarter (1/4) mile of irrigated land
103	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Cow or calf
103	6			Dec. 15	Jan. 31		Cow or calf
104	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 24		Any elk
104	Gen			Oct. 25	Oct. 31		Antlerless elk
104	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 30	300	Cow or Calf, also valid in Area 105 in Lincoln County
104	7			Aug. 15	Aug. 31	150	Cow or calf valid on or within one quarter (1/4) mile of irrigated land
104	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Dec. 15	Dec. 31		Cow or calf, also valid in Area 105 in Lincoln County
104	7			Jan. 1	Jan. 31		Cow or calf valid west of U.S. Highway 30 and east of Lincoln County Road 207 or east of Rock Creek within the Twin Creek Drainage
105	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31		Any elk

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
106	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
106	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 14		Antlerless elk
106	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 15	Jan. 31	50	Any elk valid west of the Black's Fork River or north of Wyoming Highway 410; also valid in Area 105 west of the Bear River
106	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Dec. 31	100	Antlerless elk
106	4			Jan. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk valid on private land or west of the Black's Fork River or north of Wyoming Highway 410
106	7			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	350	Cow or calf valid on private land or west of the Black's Fork River or north of Wyoming Highway 410
107	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
107	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 14		Antlerless elk
107	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Dec. 31	150	Antlerless elk
107	4			Jan. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk valid off national forest within the Henry's Fork River Drainage
107	7			Aug. 15	Aug. 31	50	Cow or calf valid in Sweetwater County
107	7	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Dec. 15	Jan. 31		Cow or calf valid off national forest within the Henry's Fork River Drainage
108	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 11	Oct. 31	100	Any elk
108	1			Nov. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk
108	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 11	Jan. 31	75	Antlerless elk
108	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 11	Dec. 31	250	Cow or calf
108	6			Jan. 1	Jan. 31		Cow or calf valid west of the Twentymile Road (Carbon County Rd 605 N)
110	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk
110	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 14	200	Cow or calf
110	6			Nov. 15	Dec. 31		Cow or calf valid off national forest
111	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 10	Oct. 31	70	Any elk
111	1			Nov. 15	Dec. 15		Any elk, also valid in Area 22
111	1			Dec. 16	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk
111	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 10	Dec. 31	75	Antlerless elk
111	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 1	Dec. 31	200	Cow or calf

ELK

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
113	2	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 5	Nov. 30	100	Antlered elk five (5) points or less on either antler or antlerless elk
113	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 5	Nov. 30	100	Antlerless elk
116	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 10		Any elk
116	Gen			Nov. 11	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
116	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Nov. 11	Dec. 31	100	Any elk valid off national forest
116	7			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	300	Cow or calf valid off national forest
117	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 30	400	Any elk
117	1			Dec. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk
117	2	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Jan. 31	200	Antlered elk five (5) points or less on either antler or antlerless elk
117	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Jan. 31	150	Antlerless elk
117	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Jan. 31	250	Cow or calf
117	7			Aug. 15	Jan. 31	500	Cow or calf valid off national forest; also valid on national grassland
118	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 22	Nov. 12	40	Antlered elk
118	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 22	Nov. 30	30	Antlerless elk
118	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Nov. 30	60	Cow or calf valid south of the Mineral X Road (Sweetwater County Road 63 and B.L.M. Road 3206)
120	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Oct. 31	150	Any elk
120	1			Nov. 1	Dec. 15		Antlerless elk
120	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Dec. 15	100	Antlerless elk
120	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 9	Dec. 15	100	Cow or calf
122	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 30	125	Any elk
122	1			Dec. 1	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk
122	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 31	300	Cow or calf
123	2			Sep. 1	Nov. 30	50	Antlered elk five (5) points or less on either antler or antlerless elk
123	4			Sep. 1	Nov. 30	75	Antlerless elk
123	6			Sep. 1	Nov. 30	75	Cow or calf
124	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 30	70	Any elk

Hunt Area	License Type	Special Archery Dates		Regular Season Dates		Quota	Limitations
		Opens	Closes	Opens	Closes		
124	4	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 15	Nov. 30	100	Antlerless elk
124	4			Dec. 1	Dec. 31		Antlerless elk valid east of Sweetwater County Road 19, and north and east of B.L.M. Roads 4409 and 4411, and west of B.L.M. Road 3310 and Sweetwater County Road 23S
125	1	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Dec. 31	250	Any elk
125	1			Jan. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk
125	6	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Jan. 31	300	Cow or calf
126	Gen			Sep. 1	Sep. 30		Any elk valid in Weston County; also valid in that portion of Area 123 within the Raven Creek drainage and that portion of Area 117 south of U.S. Highway 16
126	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31		Any elk valid in the entire area; also valid in that portion of Area 117 south of U.S. Highway 16
126	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk valid in the entire area; also valid in portion of Area 117 south of U.S. Highway 16
126	6			Aug. 15	Dec. 31	200	Cow or calf; also valid in that portion of Area 117 south of U.S. Highway 16
127	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 31		Any elk
127	Gen			Nov. 1	Jan. 31		Antlerless elk
128	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 7		Any elk
128	Gen			Oct. 8	Oct. 14		Antlerless elk
129	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 14				Any elk valid off private land
129	Gen			Sep. 1	Sep. 14		Any elk valid on private land
129	Gen			Sep. 15	Oct. 31		Any elk valid in the entire area
129	Gen			Nov. 1	Nov. 30		Antlerless elk
129	6			Sep. 1	Dec. 15	650	Cow or calf; also valid in that portion of Area 2 within Johnson County
130	Gen	Sep. 1	Sep. 30	Oct. 1	Oct. 23		Any elk

Please see Important Hunting Information Section of this brochure regarding Chronic Wasting Disease.

Section 3. Special Archery Seasons.

(a) There shall be special archery elk hunting seasons on the dates specified in Section 2. Special archery hunting seasons are specific to individual hunt areas by license type. During the special archery hunting seasons, archers are restricted to the limitations associated with the special archery season dates for a hunt area and license type.

(b) Archers shall possess a limited quota elk license or a General elk license and an archery license in order to hunt elk with archery equipment during any special archery season.

(c) Archers with a General elk license shall only hunt in those hunt areas open to hunting with a General license and are restricted to the limitations associated with the special archery season dates for that hunt area as specified in Section 2.

(d) Archers with a limited quota elk license shall only hunt in the hunt area(s) where their license is valid and are restricted to the limitations associated with the special archery season dates as specified in Section 2.

(e) Type 9 limited quota elk licenses are valid for "archery only" and do not require a separate archery license.

Section 4. Hunting Season Extension Permits.

(a) Any person qualified for and in possession of a Hunting Season Extension Permit issued by the Department in accordance with Commission regulation may hunt elk five (5) days prior to the earliest opening regular season date in the hunt area(s) for their license type and is restricted to the limitations of their license type for the earliest opening regular season date as specified in Section 2 of this Chapter, excluding hunt areas within Grand Teton National Park (Hunt Area 75) and the National Elk Refuge (Hunt Area 77).

(b) Hunters participating in a hunting season extension shall be in possession of a Hunting Season Extension Permit which shall be immediately produced for inspection upon request of an officer authorized to enforce this regulation.

Section 5. Youth Elk Hunters.

Youth hunters who possess a full price youth elk license valid for the taking of an antlered elk may take either an antlered elk as specified in Section 2 of this Chapter or may take an antlerless elk during an antlered elk season in the hunt area(s) where their license is valid. Hunt areas within Grand Teton National Park (Hunt Area 75) and the National Elk Refuge (Hunt Area 77) are excluded from this provision.

Section 6. Elk Special Management Permit.

The Department's elk feedground program is a special management program that requires additional expenditures for the feeding of wildlife. An Elk Special Management Permit shall be required of any person who hunts elk in the hunt areas identified in subsection (a) of this section. The Elk Special Management Permit shall be in possession of any person while hunting elk in those hunt areas and shall be immediately produced upon request from an authorized Department representative. The permit shall be available at Cheyenne Headquarters, Department Regional Offices and at designated license selling agents.

(a) Elk Hunt Areas 70, 71, 75, 77, 78, 80-98.

Section 7. Regulations Governing Elk Hunting in Grand Teton National Park (Hunt Area 75) and the National Elk Refuge (Hunt Area 77).

(a) NO HUNTER MAY HARVEST MORE THAN ONE (1) ELK IN GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARK.

(b) Successful completion of a hunter safety course is required, regardless of a hunter's age, prior to hunting in Grand Teton National Park and a hunter safety certificate shall be in possession when hunting elk.

(c) A Park or National Elk Refuge Permit is required prior to hunting elk and shall be in possession while hunting elk in Grand Teton National Park or the National Elk Refuge.

(d) That portion of Hunt Area 75 beginning at the Lost Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30340) at U.S. Highway 191; easterly along said road to the Grand Teton National Park boundary; southerly along said boundary to the intersection with the Shadow Mountain-Kelly Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30340) and the Antelope Flats Road at Carpenter Draw; southerly and westerly along said road to U.S. Highway 191; northeasterly along said highway to the Lost Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30340) shall be known as the Antelope Flats portion of the hunt area.

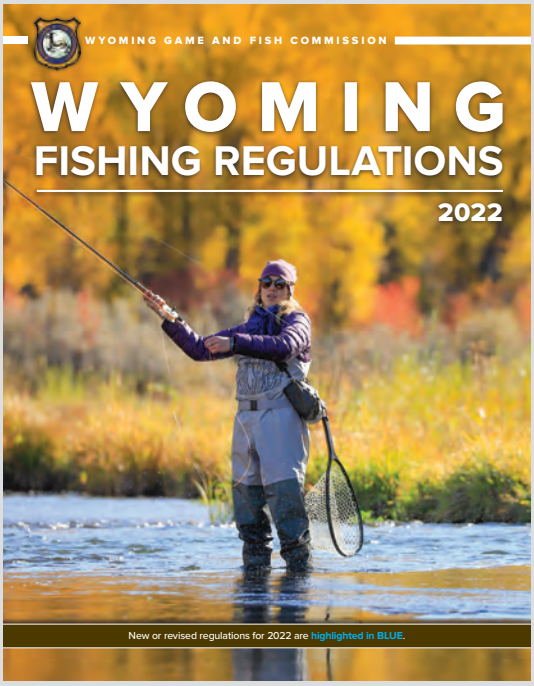
(e) That portion of Hunt Area 75 beginning where U.S. Highway 191 crosses Ditch Creek; northerly along said highway to the Deadmans Bar Access Road; westerly along said road to the eastern most bank of the main channel of the Snake River; southerly along said river to the confluence of Ditch Creek and the Snake River; easterly along said creek to U.S. Highway 191 shall be known as the Snake River Bottom of the hunt area.

(f) An area one-quarter (1/4) mile wide along either side of U.S. Highway 191 shall be closed to all elk hunting within Grand Teton National Park.

(g) An area within one-half (1/2) mile of buildings as indicated on the detailed Hunt Area 75 hunt area map provided with a park permit shall be closed to elk hunting in Grand Teton National Park. Structures excluded from this closure include those within the Gros Ventre Campground, all stand-alone toilets or well houses, all buildings within the McCollister Historic District and the historic Luther Taylor ("Shane Cabin") and the historic Cunningham Cabin.

(h) An area one-quarter (1/4) mile wide along the north side of the Gros Ventre-Kelly Road from the Mormon Row Road easterly to the town of Kelly is closed to all public entry.

(i) Legal firearms include rifles with a barrel bore diameter of at least .24 caliber that fire a cartridge that is two (2) inches or more in length. The use of handguns and archery equipment for hunting are prohibited in Grand Teton National Park.



GET IN SOME FISHING WHILE IN THE FIELD

Wyoming is home to hundreds of streams, rivers and lakes chock full of great fishing opportunity. While you are exploring the fields, buy a fishing license and try your luck fishing to make the most of your time.

ELK

Elk

Area 1. Black Hills. Beginning where the north boundary of the Black Hills National Forest crosses the Wyoming-South Dakota state line; southerly along said line to U.S.F.S. Road 807; northwesterly along said road to Moskee; northerly along the Moskee Road to its junction with U.S.F.S. Road 863; northerly along said road to the Black Hills National Forest boundary marker and one-quarter (1/4) mile south of Ranch A; easterly along said boundary to the Wyoming-South Dakota state line.

Area 2. Fortification. Beginning where the Wild Horse Road (Sheridan County Road 38) crosses the Powder River at Arvada; easterly along said road to the Echeta Road (Sheridan County Road 293); southeasterly along said road to the Montgomery Road; westerly along said road to the Kingsbury Road; southerly along said road to Interstate Highway 90; westerly along said highway to the Powder River; northerly down said river to the Wild Horse Road (Sheridan County Road 38).

Area 3. Rawhide. Beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 20 and U.S. Highway 85 in the town of Lusk; easterly along U.S. Highway 20 to the Wyoming-Nebraska state line; southerly along said line to the Colorado state line; westerly along said state line to U.S. Interstate 25; northerly along said highway to U.S. Highway 26; easterly along said highway to the North Platte River; northerly and westerly up said river to Interstate Highway 25; northerly along said Interstate to U.S. Highway 20; easterly along said highway to the intersection of U.S. Highway 20 and U.S. Highway 85 in the town of Lusk.

Area 6. Pole Mountain. Beginning at the city of Laramie and U.S. Highway 30-287; northerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 34; northerly and easterly along said highway to Interstate Highway 25; southerly along said highway to the Wyoming-Colorado state line; westerly along said line to U.S. Highway 287; northerly along said highway to the city of Laramie and U.S. Highway 30-287.

Area 7. Laramie Peak. Beginning at the confluence of Deer Creek and the North Platte River in the town of Glenrock; easterly and southerly down said river to the town of Guernsey and U.S. Highway 26; westerly along said highway to Interstate Highway 25; southerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 34; southwesterly along said highway to U.S. Highway 30-287; northwesterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 487 at the town of Medicine Bow; northerly along said highway to; the Little Medicine Bow River; northeasterly and northerly along said river to the Shirley Ridge Road (Carbon County Road 2E); northwesterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 487; northwesterly along said highway to the Lone Tree Road (B.L.M. Road 3141); northerly along said road to the Spring Creek Road; easterly along said road to the Bates Creek Road (Natrona County Road 402); northeasterly along said road to the Squaw Springs Trail Road; northeasterly along said road to U.S.F.S. Road 660; easterly along said road to Curry Creek; northwesterly down said creek to Deer Creek; northerly down said creek to the North Platte River at the town of Glenrock.

Area 8. Boulder Ridge. Beginning at the city of Laramie and U.S. Highway 287; southerly along said highway to the Wyoming-Colorado state line; westerly along said line to Wyoming Highway 10; northerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 230 at Woods Landing; northeasterly along said highway to U.S. Highway 287 at the city of Laramie.

Area 9. South Snowy Range. Beginning at the city of Laramie and Wyoming Highway 230; southwesterly along said highway to Woods Landing and Wyoming Highway 10; southerly along said highway to the Wyoming-Colorado state line; westerly along said line to Wyoming Highway 230; northeasterly along said highway to U.S.F.S. Road 512; northwesterly along said road to U.S.F.S. Road 543; northerly along said road to Douglas Creek at Keystone; northerly up said creek to the divide between the Laramie River and the North Platte River; northerly along said divide to Wyoming Highway 130; easterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 230.

Area 10. Rock Creek. Beginning at the city of Laramie and Wyoming Highway 130; westerly along said highway to the divide between the Laramie River and the North Platte River; northerly along said divide to the divide between the Medicine Bow River and the Laramie River at Medicine Bow Peak; northeasterly along said divide to Sheep Lake Trail 389; northwesterly along said trail to Deep Creek; northeasterly down said creek to Rock Creek; northeasterly down said creek to Interstate Highway 80 at Arlington; southeasterly along said highway to Dutton Creek; northeasterly down said creek to Lower Dutton Creek-Laramie River Canal; northeasterly along said canal to U.S. Highway 30-287; southeasterly along said highway to Interstate Highway 80; northwesterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 130.

Area 11. Medicine Bow River. Beginning where Interstate Highway 80 crosses Rock Creek at Arlington; southwesterly up said creek to Deep Creek; southwesterly up said creek to Sheep Lake Trail 389; southeasterly along said trail to the divide between the Laramie River and the Medicine Bow River; southwesterly along said divide to Medicine Bow Peak and the divide between the Medicine Bow River and Brush Creek; northwesterly along said divide to U.S.F.S. Road 103; northwesterly along said road to the North Brush Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 100); northerly along said road to the Sand Lake Road (U.S.F.S. Road 101); northwesterly along said road to the Cedar Pass Road (U.S.F.S. Road 261); southwesterly along said road to U.S.F.S. Road 115; northerly along said road to the Pass Creek Basin Road; northerly along said road to the Pass Creek Road (Carbon County Road 404); northerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 72; northwesterly along said highway to U.S. Highway 30-287; southeasterly along said highway to Lower Dutton Creek-Laramie River Canal; southwesterly along said canal to Dutton Creek; southwesterly along said creek to Interstate Highway 80; northwesterly along said highway to Rock Creek.

Area 12. Kennaday Peak. Beginning at the junction of the North Platte River and Interstate Highway 80 at Fort Steele Bridge; easterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 130 at the Saratoga interchange; southerly along said highway to the Pass Creek Road (Carbon County Road 404); easterly along said road to the Pass Creek Basin Road; southerly along said road to U.S.F.S. Road 115; southerly along said road to the Cedar Pass Road (U.S.F.S. Road 261); northeasterly along said road to the Sand Lake Road (U.S.F.S. Road 101); southeasterly along said road to the North Brush Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 100); southerly along said road to U.S.F.S. Road 103; southeasterly along said road to the divide between Brush Creek and the Medicine Bow River; southeasterly along said divide to Medicine Bow Peak and the Laramie River-North Platte River divide; southerly along said divide to Wyoming Highway 130; westerly and northerly along said highway to the North Platte River at Saratoga; northwesterly down said river to Interstate Highway 80.

Area 13. Encampment River. Beginning where the Continental Divide crosses the Wyoming-Colorado state line; northerly along said divide to Wyoming Highway 70; easterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 230; southeasterly along said highway to the Wyoming-Colorado state line; westerly along said line to the Continental Divide.

Area 15. Spring Creek. Beginning where Sage Creek Road (Carbon County Road 401) crosses the Continental Divide; northerly along said highway to Sage Creek; easterly down said creek to the North Platte River; southerly up said river to Wyoming Highway 130; southerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 230; southeasterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 70; westerly along said highway to the Continental Divide; northerly along said divide to Wyoming Highway 71.

Area 16. Shirley Mountain. Beginning at the junction of Interstate Highway 80 and the North Platte River; northeasterly down said river to Wyoming Highway 220 at Government Bridge; northeasterly along said highway to the Bolton Creek Road (Natrona County Road 404); southeasterly along said road to the Bates Hole Stock Trail (Natrona County Road 403); southeasterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 487; southerly along said highway to the Shirley Ridge Road (Carbon County Road 2E); easterly and southerly along said road to the Little Medicine Bow River; southerly and southwesterly along said river to Wyoming Highway 487; southerly along said highway to U.S. Highway 30-287 at the town of Medicine Bow; southwesterly along said highway to Interstate Highway 80; westerly along said interstate to the North Platte River.

Area 19. Muddy Mountain. Beginning at the confluence of Deer Creek and the North Platte River at the town of Glenrock; southerly up said creek to Curry Creek; southeasterly up said creek to U.S.F.S. Road 660; northwesterly along said road to the Squaw Springs Trail Road; southwesterly along said road to the Bates Creek Road (Natrona County Road 402); southwesterly along said road to the Spring Creek Road; westerly along said road to the Lone Tree Road (B.L.M. Road 3141); southerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 487; northwesterly along said highway to the Bates Hole Stock Trail (Natrona County Road 403); northwesterly along said road to the Bolton Creek Road (Natrona County Road 404); northwesterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 220; southwesterly along said highway to the North Platte River at Government Bridge; northeasterly down said river to Deer Creek in the town of Glenrock.

Area 21. Baggs. Beginning at the junction of Wyoming Highway 789 and the Wyoming-Colorado state line; northerly along said highway to Muddy Creek north of Dad; easterly up said creek to the Muddy Creek Road (B.L.M. Road 3306); easterly along said road to Miller Hill Road (B.L.M. Road 3328); southeasterly along said road to the McCarty Canyon Road (Carbon County Road 503); northeasterly along said road to the Sage Creek Road (Carbon County Road 401); southerly along said road to the Continental Divide at Middlewood Hill; southerly along said divide to the Wyoming-Colorado state line; westerly along said line to Wyoming Highway 789.

Area 22. Ferris. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 287 intersects Wyoming Highway 220 at Muddy Gap Junction; northeasterly along Wyoming Highway 220 to the Buzzard Road (Natrona County Road 410-Carbon County Road 497); southerly along said road to the South Ferris Road (Carbon County Road 100); westerly along said road to U.S. Highway 287; northerly along said highway to Muddy Gap Junction.

Area 23. Rattlesnake. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 220 intersects the Dry Creek Road (Natrona County Road 321); northwesterly along said road to the Gas Hills Road (Natrona County Road 212); northeasterly along said

road to U.S. Highway 20-26 at the town of Waltman; easterly along said highway to Poplar Street in the city of Casper; southerly along said street to the North Platte River at the city of Casper; southwesterly up said river to the Kortes Road (Natrona County Road 407); northerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 220; westerly along said highway to the Dry Creek Road (Natrona County Road 321).

Area 24. Green Mountain. Beginning at the junction of U.S. Highway 287 and Wyoming Highway 220; southerly along U.S. Highway 287 to Wyoming Highway 73; westerly along said highway to the Bairoil Road (Sweetwater County Road 22); westerly along said road to the Wamsutter-Crooks Gap Road (Fremont County Road 318 and Sweetwater County Road 23); southerly along said road to the Osborne Road (B.L.M. Road 3212); westerly along said road to the Bison Basin Road (Fremont County Road 281 and B.L.M. Road 3221); northerly along said road to U.S. Highway 287; easterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 220.

Area 25. South Pass. Beginning where U.S. Highway 287 crosses the south boundary of the Wind River Reservation; easterly along said boundary to Wyoming Highway 135; southerly along said highway to U.S. Highway 287 at Sweetwater Station; easterly along said highway to the Bison Basin Road (Fremont County Road 281 and B.L.M. Road 3221); southerly along said road to the Rocky Crossing Road (B.L.M. Road 3214); westerly along said road to the Red Creek Road (B.L.M. Road 3219); northerly along said road to the Three Forks-Atlantic City Road (B.L.M. Road 2317); northwesterly along said road to the Sweetwater River at Phelps-Dodge Bridge; westerly up said river to Wyoming Highway 28; northeasterly up said highway to U.S. Highway 287; northerly along said highway to the south boundary of the Wind River Reservation.

Area 27. Upper Sweetwater. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 28 crosses the Sweetwater River; northwesterly up said river to the divide between the Sweetwater River and the Popo Agie River drainages at Sweetwater Gap; southeasterly along said divide to Granite Peak and the head of Willow Creek; southeasterly down said creek to Wyoming Highway 28; southwesterly along said highway to the Sweetwater River.

Area 28. Cony Mountain. Beginning where U.S. Highway 287 crosses the south boundary of the Wind River Reservation; southeasterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 28; southwesterly along said highway to Willow Creek; northwesterly up said creek to the divide between the Sweetwater River and Popo Agie River drainages at Granite Peak; northwesterly along said divide to the Continental Divide; northwesterly along said divide to the south boundary of the Wind River Reservation; easterly along said boundary to U.S. Highway 287.

Area 30. Aspen Mountain. Beginning where Interstate Highway 80 crosses the Green River; easterly along said highway to the town of Rock Springs and Wyoming Highway 430; southeasterly along said highway to the Mud Springs Road (Sweetwater County Road 32); southwesterly along said road to Aspen Mountain Road (Sweetwater County Road 27); southerly along said road to Clay Basin Pipeline Road (Sweetwater County Road 71); southwesterly along said road to the Ramsey Ranch Road (Sweetwater County Road 34); westerly along said road to U.S. Highway 191; westerly along said highway to the Ramsey Ranch Road (Sweetwater County Road 34); northerly along said road to Sage Creek Road (Sweetwater County Road 36); westerly along said road to Sage Creek; westerly down said creek to Flaming Gorge Reservoir; northerly along the east shore of said reservoir to the Green River; northeasterly then northwesterly up said river to Interstate Highway 80.

Area 31. Little Mountain. Beginning where the east shore of Flaming Gorge Reservoir crosses the Wyoming-Utah state line; northerly along the east shore of Flaming Gorge Reservoir to its confluence with Sage Creek; easterly up said creek to the Sage Creek Road (Sweetwater County Road 36); easterly along said road to the Ramsey Ranch Road (Sweetwater County Road 34); southerly along said road to U.S. Highway 191; southerly along said highway to the Wyoming-Utah state line; westerly along said line to the east shore of Flaming Gorge Reservoir.

Area 32. Pine Mountain. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 430 crosses the Wyoming-Colorado state line; westerly along said line to the Wyoming-Utah state line; westerly along said line to U.S. Highway 191; northerly along said highway to the Ramsey Ranch Road (Sweetwater County Road 34); easterly along said road to the Clay Basin Pipeline Road (Sweetwater County Road 71); northeasterly along said road to the Aspen Mountain Road (Sweetwater County Road 27); northerly along said road to the Mud Springs Road (Sweetwater County Road 32); northeasterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 430; southerly along said highway to the Wyoming-Colorado state line.

Area 33. Middle Fork. Beginning at the Kaycee interchange on Interstate Highway 25; southeasterly along said highway to the Midwest interchange and the Smoky Gap Road (Natrona County Road 115); westerly along said road to the Dead Horse Road (Natrona County Road 114); southwesterly along said road to the Wild Horse Trail Road (Natrona County Road 113); westerly along said road to the 33 Mile Road (Natrona County Road 110); northwesterly along said road to the Hazelton Road (Washakie County Road 81); northerly along said road to the Barnum Mountain Road; easterly along said road to the Barnum Road (Johnson County Road 78) at the town of Barnum; easterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 190; northeasterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 191; easterly along said highway to Interstate Highway 25.

Area 34. Upper Powder River. Beginning at the junction of the Trabing Road (Johnson County Road 13) and Interstate Highway 25; southerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 191; westerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 190; westerly along said highway to the town of Barnum and the Barnum Mountain Road; westerly along said road to the Hazelton Road (Washakie County Road 81-Johnson County Road 3); northerly along said road to the Gold Mine Road (U.S.F.S. Road 452); northerly along said road to the Canyon Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 25); northerly along said road to U.S. Highway 16; easterly along said highway to the Crazy Woman Canyon Road (Johnson County Road 14); easterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 196; northerly along said highway to the Trabing Road (Johnson County Road 13); easterly along said road to Interstate Highway 25.

Area 35. Hunter Mesa. Beginning where U.S. Highway 87 business loop crosses French Creek; southerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 196; southerly along said highway to the Crazy Woman Canyon Road (Johnson County Road 14); westerly along said road to U.S. Highway 16; westerly along said highway to the divide along the Bighorn Mountain range at Powder River Pass; northwesterly along said divide to North Clear Creek; easterly down said creek to the North Fork Ditch; easterly down said ditch to French Creek; easterly down said creek to the U.S. Highway 87 business loop.

Area 36. Rock Creek. Beginning where Interstate Highway 90 crosses Piney Creek; southeasterly along said highway to Interstate Highway 25; southerly along said highway to French Creek east of the town of Buffalo; westerly up said creek to the North Fork Ditch; westerly up said ditch to the North Fork of Clear Creek; westerly up said creek to the divide along the Bighorn Mountain range; northerly along said divide to South Piney Creek; northeasterly down said creek to Piney Creek; easterly down said creek to Interstate Highway 90.

Area 37. Goose. Beginning at the junction of U.S. Highway 14 and Interstate Highway 90 east of the town of Ranchester; southerly along said highway to Piney Creek; westerly up said creek to South Piney Creek; southwesterly up said creek to the divide along the Bighorn Mountain range; northwesterly along said divide to the Woodchuck Pass Road (U.S.F.S. Road 226); northerly along said road to the Goose (Red Grade) Road (U.S.F.S. Road 26); northwesterly along said road to the Black Mountain Road (U.S.F.S. Road 16); northeasterly along said road to U.S. Highway 14; easterly along said road to Interstate Highway 90.

Area 38. Tongue. Beginning where Interstate Highway 90 crosses the Wyoming-Montana state line; southeasterly along said highway to U.S. Highway 14; westerly along said highway to the Black Mountain Road (U.S.F.S. Road 16); southerly along said road to the Goose (Red Grade) Road (U.S.F.S. Road 26); southerly along said road to the Woodchuck Pass Road (U.S.F.S. Road 226); southerly along said road to Woodchuck Pass and the divide along the Bighorn Mountain range; northwesterly along said divide to U.S. Highway 14 at Granite Pass; northerly along said highway to the Hunt Mountain Road (U.S.F.S. Road 10); northwesterly along said road to U.S. Highway 14A; westerly along said highway to the Devils Canyon Road (U.S.F.S. Road 14); northerly along said road to the Sheep Mountain Road (U.S.F.S. Road 11); northerly along said road to the Wyoming-Montana state line; easterly along said line to Interstate Highway 90.

Area 39. Deer Creek. Beginning where U.S. Highway 14A crosses the Bighorn River; northerly down said river to the Wyoming-Montana state line; easterly along said line to the Sheep Mountain Road (U.S.F.S. Road 11); southerly along said road to the Devils Canyon Road (U.S.F.S. Road 14); southerly along said road to U.S. Highway 14A; westerly along said highway to the Bighorn River.

Area 40. Horse Creek. Beginning on the Bighorn River in the town of Greybull; northerly down said river to U.S. Highway 14A; easterly along said highway to the Hunt Mountain Road (U.S.F.S. Road 10); southeasterly along said road to U.S. Highway 14 at Granite Pass; southwesterly along said highway to the Bighorn River at the town of Greybull.

Area 41. Medicine Lodge. Beginning where U.S. Highway 14 crosses the Bighorn River in the town of Greybull; easterly along said highway to Granite Pass and the divide along the Bighorn Mountain range; southeasterly along said divide to the divide between Medicine Lodge Creek and Paint Rock Creek; southwesterly along said divide to the Cold Springs Road (U.S.F.S. Road 344) at the Upper Medicine Lodge Lake; southwesterly along said road to the Alkali Road (U.S.F.S. Road 338-B.L.M. Road 1111); southerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 31; westerly along said highway to the Bighorn River at the town of Manderson; northerly down said river to U.S. Highway 14 in the town of Greybull.

Area 45. Paint Rock Creek. Beginning where U.S. Highway 16 crosses the Bighorn River in the town of Worland; northerly down said river to Wyoming Highway 31 at the town of Manderson; easterly along said highway to the Cold Springs Road (B.L.M. /U.S.F.S. Road 344); northeasterly along said road to the divide between Medicine Lodge Creek and Paint Rock Creek at Upper Medicine Lodge Lake; easterly

along said divide to the divide along the Bighorn Mountain range; southeasterly along said divide to U.S. Highway 16 at Powder River Pass; westerly along said highway to the Canyon Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 25); southerly along said road to the Gold Mine Road (U.S.F.S. Road 452); southerly along said road to the Bighorn National Forest boundary; westerly along said boundary to U.S. Highway 16; westerly along said highway to the Bighorn River in the town of Worland.

Area 47. Copper Mountain. Beginning where the Bighorn River intersects Wyoming Highway 172 (Black Mountain Road); easterly along said highway to the Kirby Creek Road (Hot Springs County Road 7); southerly along said road to the Bridger Creek Road (Fremont County Road 259); southerly along said road to the Badwater Road (Fremont County Road 117); southeasterly along said road to the Lysite-Moneta Road (Fremont County Road 176); southerly along said road to U.S. Highway 20-26; westerly along said highway to the town of Shoshoni; northerly along U.S. Highway 20 to the Wind River Reservation boundary; north and west along said boundary to the Bighorn River; northerly down said river to Wyoming Highway 172.

Area 48. Upper Nowood. Beginning at the town of Moneta and U.S. Highway 20-26; northerly along the Lysite-Moneta Road (Fremont County Road 176) to the Badwater Road (Fremont County Road 117) at the town of Lysite; westerly along said road to the Bridger Creek Road (Fremont County Road 259); northerly along the Bridger Creek Road to the Kirby Creek Road (Hot Springs County Road 7); northerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 172 (Black Mountain Road); easterly along said road to the Murphy Dome-Mud Creek Road (B.L.M. Road 1409); northeasterly along said road to the Nowater Stock Drive Road (B.L.M. Road 1404); easterly along said road to the Upper Nowood Road; northeasterly along said road to Deep Creek; southerly up said creek to Lost Creek; southerly up said creek to the Cherry Creek Hill Stock Drive Road; northeasterly along said road to the Hazelton Road (Washakie County Road 6215); southwesterly along said road to Natrona County Road 109; southwesterly along said road to the North Fork of Buffalo Creek; southwesterly along said creek to the divide between the Middle Fork and North Fork of Buffalo Creek; westerly along said divide to the divide between Badwater Creek, Deep Creek and Buffalo Creek; southwesterly along said divide to Badwater Creek; southwesterly along said creek to Natrona County Road 101; southwesterly along said road to Natrona County Road 102; southerly along said road to Natrona County Road 103; southeasterly along said road to Natrona County Road 104; southerly along said road to Waltman and U.S. Highway 20-26; westerly along said highway to the town of Moneta.

Area 49. Otter Creek. Beginning at the junction of U.S. Highway 16 and the Bighorn National Forest Boundary approximately nine (9) miles east of the town of Ten Sleep; easterly along said boundary to the Gold Mine Road (U.S.F.S. Road 452); southerly along said road to the Hazelton Road (Bighorn Divide Road-Johnson County Road 3); southerly along said road to the Cherry Creek Hill Stock Drive Road; southwesterly down said road to Lost Creek; northwesterly down said creek to Deep Creek; northwesterly down said creek to the Upper Nowood Road; southwesterly along said road to the Nowater Stock Drive (B.L.M. Road 1404); westerly along said road to the Murphy Dome-Mud Creek Road (B.L.M. Road 1409); southerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 172 (Black Mountain Road); westerly along said highway to the Bighorn River; northerly along said river to U.S. Highway 16; easterly along said highway to the Bighorn National Forest boundary.

Area 51. Sunlight-Crandall. Beginning at Wyoming Highway 212 where it crosses the Wyoming-Montana state line east of Twin Lakes; southwesterly along said highway to Morrison Jeep Trail (U.S.F.S. Road 120); southeasterly along said road to the Clark's Fork River; all of the south drainage of the Clark's Fork River north of and including the Sunlight Creek drainage, but excluding the Elk Creek drainage; northerly up the Yellowstone National Park border to the Wyoming-Montana state line; easterly along said line to Wyoming Highway 212 line east of Twin Lakes.

Area 53. Trout Peak. All of the drainages of Elk Creek, Dead Indian Creek, Jim Creek, Trout Creek and Rattlesnake Creek.

Area 54. Bald Ridge. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 212 crosses the Wyoming-Montana state line on the Beartooth Plateau; southwesterly along said highway to the Morrison Jeep Trail (U.S.F.S. Road 120); southeasterly along said road to the Clark's Fork River; westerly along said river to the divide between Dead Indian Creek and Dead Indian Gulch; southerly along said divide to the divide between Dead Indian Creek and Paint Creek; southerly along said divide to the divide between Rattlesnake Creek and Pat O'Hara Creek; southerly and easterly along said divide to the divide between Rattlesnake Creek and Trail Creek; southeasterly along said divide to Wyoming Highway 14-16-20; easterly along said highway to the Bighorn River; northerly along said river to the Wyoming-Montana state line; westerly along said line to Wyoming Highway 212 on the Beartooth Plateau.

Area 55. Grinnell. All of the north and west drainage of the North Fork of the Shoshone River down to but excluding the drainage of Sweetwater Creek; all of the south drainage of the North Fork of the Shoshone River down to but excluding the drainage of Elk Fork Creek.

Area 56. Wapiti Ridge. All of the drainage of the North Fork of the Shoshone River below and including the drainage of Sweetwater Creek and above the drainage of Jim Creek; all of the south drainage of the North Fork of the Shoshone River below and including the drainage of Elk Fork Creek; all of the north and west drainage of the South Fork of the Shoshone River below and including the drainage of Ishawooa Creek.

Area 58. Sage Creek. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 120 leaves the town of Cody; southerly along said highway to Meeteetse Rim; westerly along said rim to the divide between the Greybull River and the South Fork of the Shoshone River; westerly along said divide to the west fork of Belknap Creek; northwesterly down said creek to the South Fork of the Shoshone River; northeasterly down said river to the town of Cody.

Area 59. Boulder Basin. All of the south and east drainage of the South Fork of the Shoshone River, west of the west fork and mainstream of Belknap Creek; down to the South Fork of the Shoshone River; all of the north and west drainage of the South Fork of the Shoshone River, above the drainage of Ishawooa Creek.

Area 60. Thorofare. All of the drainage of the Yellowstone River upstream from Yellowstone Lake outside of Yellowstone National Park.

Area 61. North Greybull River. All of the north and west drainage of the Greybull River west of Wyoming Highway 120.

Area 62. South Greybull River. All of the south and east drainage of the Greybull River located west of the mouth of the Wood River; all of the north and west drainage of the Wood River.

Area 63. Wood River-Gooseberry Creek. All of the south and east drainage of the Wood River; all of the south and east drainage of the Greybull River located east of the mouth of the Wood River; all of the drainage of Gooseberry Creek located west of Wyoming Highway 120.

Area 64. Owl Creek. Beginning where the divide between Gooseberry Creek and Grass Creek crosses Wyoming

HUNTING ETHICS

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Highway 120; southeasterly along said highway to the Bighorn River; southerly up said river to the Wind River Reservation boundary; westerly, then northerly, then westerly along said boundary to the divide between Owl Creek and the South Fork of the Wood River; northeasterly along said divide to the divide between Cottonwood Creek and Gooseberry Creek; northeasterly along said divide to the divide between Gooseberry Creek and Grass Creek; easterly along said divide to Wyoming Highway 120; in addition, all non-Indian fee title lands in that portion of Hot Springs County within the exterior boundaries of the Wind River Reservation.

Area 66. Basin. All of the area west of the Bighorn River; south of U.S. Highway 14-16-20 and U.S. Highway 14, east of Wyoming Highway 120 and north of Broadway Street in the town of Thermopolis.

Area 67. Wiggins Fork. All of the drainage of the Wind River that lies north of U.S. Highway 287 and west of the Wind River Reservation and those areas of the Spence and Moriarity Wildlife Management Area east of the East Fork of the Wind River.

Area 68. Warm Springs. Beginning where U.S. Highway 287 crosses Jakey's Fork Creek; southwesterly up said creek to the Continental Divide; northwesterly along said divide to U.S. Highway 287 at Togwotee Pass; southeasterly along said highway to Jakey's Fork Creek.

Area 69. Whiskey Mountain. Beginning where U.S. Highway 287 crosses the west boundary of the Wind River Reservation; southerly along said boundary to the Continental Divide; northwesterly along said divide to Jakey's Fork Creek; northeasterly down said creek to U.S. Highway 287; southeasterly along said highway to the Wind River Reservation boundary.

Area 70. Buffalo Fork. Beginning where U.S. Highway 26-287 crosses the western bank of the Buffalo Fork River at the private land boundary at the Pinto Ranch; southerly, westerly and northerly along said boundary to the Grand Teton National Park-Bridger Teton National Forest boundary; northerly along said boundary to Pacific Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30090); northeasterly up said road to Pacific Creek Trail (U.S.F.S. Trail 036) at the Pacific Creek Trailhead; northerly up said trail to the Gravel Creek Trail (U.S.F.S Trail 042); northerly along said trail to the south boundary of Yellowstone National Park at Fox Park; easterly along said boundary to the Continental Divide; southerly and easterly along said divide to U.S. Highway 26-287 at Togwotee Pass; westerly along said highway to the easternmost boundary of Grand Teton National Park; northerly and westerly along said boundary to U.S. Highway 26-287 at the western bank of the Buffalo Fork River.

Area 71. Pacific Creek. Beginning where Pacific Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30090) crosses the Grand Teton National Park boundary; northerly and westerly along said boundary to the Targhee National Forest boundary; northerly along said boundary to the southern boundary of Yellowstone National Park; easterly along said boundary to the Gravel Creek Trail (U.S.F.S. Trail 042) at Fox Park; southerly along said trail to Pacific Creek Trail (U.S.F.S. Trail 036); southwesterly down said trail to Pacific Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30090) at the Pacific Creek Trailhead; southwesterly down said road to the Grand Teton National Park boundary.

Area 72. Berry Creek. All of the drainages of Berry Creek, Owl Creek and Webb Canyon Creek and that area north of Berry Creek to the Grand Teton National Park boundary.

Area 73. Targhee-Alta. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 22 crosses the Wyoming-Idaho state line; northerly along said line to the southern boundary of Yellowstone National Park; easterly along said boundary to the Caribou-Targhee National Forest boundary; southerly along said boundary to Teton Pass and Wyoming Highway 22; westerly along said highway to the Wyoming-Idaho state line.

Area 75. Snake River. Beginning at the southern boundary of Grand Teton National Park at the Gros Ventre River and U.S. Highway 191; northerly along said highway to Ditch Creek; westerly along said creek to the Snake River proper; northerly along the easternmost bank of the main channel of the Snake River to the northernmost channel of Spread Creek; southeasterly along said creek to U.S. Highway 191; southwesterly along said highway to U.S.F.S. Road 30310 at the Cunningham Cabin; southerly along said road to the Grand Teton National Park boundary; southerly along said boundary to the southernmost intersection with the Shadow Mountain-Kelly Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30340); southwesterly along said road to the junction of the Teton Science School Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30350); northeasterly along said road one and one-quarter (1-1/4) miles to a marked boundary; easterly one (1) mile to the Grand Teton National Park boundary; southerly along the Grand Teton National Park boundary to the Gros Ventre-Kelly Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30400); southwesterly along said road to a posted boundary approximately one-half (1/2) mile west of the Gros Ventre Campground; southerly along said boundary to the southern boundary of Grand Teton National Park and the Gros Ventre River; westerly along said boundary to U.S. Highway 191.

Area 77. National Elk Refuge. Beginning where U.S. Highway 191 crosses the Gros Ventre River at the northwest corner of the National Elk Refuge boundary; easterly up said boundary to the Bridger-Teton National Forest and National Elk Refuge boundary; southerly along said boundary to the town of Jackson and the National Elk Refuge boundary; westerly along said boundary to U.S. Highway 191; northerly along said highway to the Gros Ventre River at the northwest corner of the National Elk Refuge.

Area 78. Wilson. Beginning where the Caribou-Targhee National Forest boundary crosses Wyoming Highway 22 at Teton Pass; northerly along said boundary to the Grand Teton National Park boundary; northerly and southerly along said boundary to U.S. Highway 191; southerly along said highway to its junction with Wyoming Highway 22; westerly along said highway to Teton Pass.

Area 79. Teton Park. Beginning where U.S. Highway 26-287 crosses the western bank of the Buffalo Fork River at the private land boundary of the Pinto Ranch; southerly, westerly and northerly along said boundary to the Grand Teton National Park-Bridger Teton National Forest boundary; northerly and westerly along said boundary to U.S. Highway 191; southerly along said highway to U.S.F.S. Road 30310 near Cunningham Cabin; southerly down said road to the Grand Teton National Park boundary; easterly, northerly and westerly along said boundary to U.S. Highway 26-287 at the western bank of the Buffalo Fork River.

Area 80. Sheep Creek. Beginning where the National Elk Refuge boundary crosses the divide between the Gros Ventre River and Flat Creek east of Kelly; southeasterly along said divide to the divide between Flat Creek and Granite Creek at Pyramid Peak; southwesterly along said divide to the divide between Cache Creek and Flat Creek at Cache Peak; northwesterly along said divide to U.S.F.S. Trail 018; southwesterly along said trail to Cache Creek; northwesterly along said creek to the Bridger-Teton National Forest boundary; northerly along said boundary to the National Elk Refuge boundary; northeasterly along said boundary to the divide between the Gros Ventre River and Flat Creek east of Kelly.

Area 81. Spread Creek. Beginning where the Grand Teton National Park boundary crosses the Gros Ventre River east of the town of Kelly; northerly along said boundary to U.S. Highway 26-287; easterly along said highway to Togwotee Pass and the Continental Divide; southerly along said divide to the Moccasin Basin Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30750); southerly down said road to the North Fork of Fish Creek at Calf Creek; southerly down said creek to Fish Creek; southeasterly down said creek to the Gros Ventre River; westerly down said river to the Grand Teton National Park boundary.

Area 82. Crystal Peak. Beginning where the Gros Ventre River crosses the National Elk Refuge boundary near the town of Kelly; easterly up said river to Kinky Creek; easterly up said creek to the Darwin Ranch Road (U.S.F.S. Road 620); easterly along said road to the divide between the Green River and Gros Ventre River; southwesterly along said divide to the divide between the Gros Ventre River and Hoback River at Hodges Peak; northwesterly along said divide to the divide between Granite Creek and Flat Creek at Pyramid Creek; northwesterly and northerly along the divide between Flat Creek and the Gros Ventre River to the National Elk Refuge boundary; northerly along said boundary to the Gros Ventre River.

Area 83. Fish Creek. Beginning where Kinky Creek enters the Gros Ventre River; northerly down said river to Fish Creek; northeasterly up said creek to the North Fork of Fish Creek; northerly up said creek to the Moccasin Basin Road (U.S.F.S. Road 30750) at Calf Creek; northerly up said road to the Continental Divide; southerly along said divide to the Union Pass Road (U.S.F.S. Road 600); southwesterly along said road to the Darwin Ranch Road (U.S.F.S. Road 620); westerly along said road to Kinky Creek; westerly down said creek to the Gros Ventre River.

Area 84. Lower Hoback. Beginning where U.S. Highway 191 crosses Flat Creek at the north edge of the town of Jackson; due east to the National Elk Refuge boundary; easterly along said boundary to the Bridger-Teton National Forest boundary; southerly along said boundary to Cache Creek; southeasterly up said creek to U.S.F.S. Trail 018; northeasterly along said trail to the divide between Flat Creek and Cache Creek at Cache Peak; easterly along the divide between Flat Creek and Granite Creek to Pyramid Peak; southerly along the divide between the Gros Ventre River and the Hoback River to Steamboat Peak; southerly and westerly along the divide between Shoal Creek and Dell Creek to the Riling Draw Road; southerly along said road to the Dell Creek Road; westerly along said road to the Hoback River; westerly down said river to Cliff Creek; southerly up Cliff Creek to the divide between the Greys River and the Hoback River; northwesterly along said divide to the divide between the Greys River and Willow Creek; northerly along said divide to the divide between the Bailey Creek and Willow Creek (Greyback Ridge); northerly along said divide to Dry Wash Draw; westerly down said draw to Bailey Creek; northwesterly down said creek to the Snake River; northerly up said river to Wyoming Highway 22; easterly along said highway to U.S. Highway 191; easterly along said highway to Flat Creek at the north edge of the town of Jackson.

Area 85. Fall Creek. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 22 crosses the Snake River; southerly and westerly down the Snake River to the Wyoming-Idaho state line; northerly along said line to Wyoming Highway 22; easterly along said highway to the Snake River.

Area 86. Monument Ridge. Beginning at the head of Cliff Creek; northerly down said creek to the Hoback River;

southerly up said river to the South Fork of the Hoback River; due east to the Hoback Rim and the divide between the Hoback River and the Green River; southwesterly along said divide to the divide between the Greys River and the Hoback River; northerly along said divide to the head of Cliff Creek.

Area 87. Raspberry Ridge. Beginning where U.S. Highway 191 crosses the divide between the Green River and the Hoback River on the Hoback Rim; westerly and northerly along said highway to the Dell Creek Road; easterly along said road to the Riling Draw Road; northerly along said road to the divide between Shoal Creek and Dell Creek; northeasterly along said divide to the divide between the Gros Ventre River and the Hoback River at Steamboat Peak; southeasterly along said divide to the divide between the Green River and the Hoback River at Hodges Peak; southerly along said divide to U.S. Highway 191.

Area 88. Greys Feedground. Beginning at the Wyoming-Idaho state line on the Snake River; easterly up said river to the Greys River; easterly up said river to the confluence of the Greys River and Squaw Creek; southwesterly from said confluence to the ridge between the Squaw Creek drainage and the Greys River; southerly up said ridge to the divide between the Greys River and the Salt River; southerly along said divide to the Stewart Sheep Trail; westerly along said trail to the Stewart Creek Road; westerly and southerly along said road to U.S. Highway 89; northerly along said highway to the McCoy Creek Road; westerly and northerly along said road to the Wyoming-Idaho state line; north along said line to the Snake River.

Area 89. Lower Greys River. Beginning at the confluence of Greys River and the Snake River near Alpine; easterly up the Snake River to Bailey Creek; southeasterly up said creek to Dry Wash Draw; easterly up said draw to the divide between Bailey Creek and Willow Creek (Greyback Ridge); southerly along said divide to the divide between Willow Creek and the Greys River; southerly along said divide to the divide between the Greys River and the Hoback River; southerly and easterly along said divide between the Greys River and the Green River; southerly along said divide to the head of Blind Bull Creek; westerly down said creek to Greys River; southerly up said river to Meadow Creek; westerly up said creek to the divide between the Greys River and the Salt River; northerly along said divide to the ridge between the Squaw Creek drainage and the Greys River; northeasterly along said ridge to the confluence of Squaw Creek and the Greys River; westerly down said river to the Snake River.

Area 90. Upper Greys River. Beginning at the point where Blind Bull Creek runs into the Greys River; easterly up said creek to the divide between the Greys River and the Green River; southerly and westerly along said divide to the divide between the Greys River and the Smith Fork Creek; northerly along said divide to the divide between the Greys River and Salt River; northerly along said divide to the head of Meadow Creek; easterly down said creek to Greys River; northerly down said river to Blind Bull Creek.

Area 91. Salt River. Beginning at the point where the McCoy Creek Road crosses the Wyoming-Idaho state line; easterly and southerly along said road to U.S. Highway 89; southerly along said highway to the Stewart Creek Road; northerly and easterly along said road to the Stewart Driveway Trail; easterly along said trail to the divide between the Salt River and the Greys River; southerly along said divide to the divide between the Bear River and the Salt River; westerly along said divide to the Wyoming-Idaho state line; north along said line to the McCoy Creek Road.

Area 92. Piney-Horse Creek. Beginning where the East Green River Road (Sublette County Road 23-110) intersects Wyoming Highway 351; westerly along said highway to the Green River; northerly up said river to Cottonwood Creek; westerly up said creek to the South Cottonwood Creek; westerly up said creek to the South Fork of the South Fork of Cottonwood Creek; westerly up said creek to the divide between the Greys River and the Green River; northerly along said divide to the divide between the Green River and the Hoback River; easterly along said divide (Hoback Rim) to a point east of the confluence of the South Fork of the Hoback River; due west to the Hoback River; northerly down said river to U.S. Highway 191; easterly and southerly along said highway to the East Green River Road (Sublette County Road 23-110) at Cora Junction; southerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 351.

Area 93. Waterdog Lakes. Beginning where U.S. Highway 191 intersects with Wyoming Highway 352; northwesterly along U.S. Highway 191 to the divide between the Hoback River and the Green River (Hoback Rim); northerly along said divide to the divide between the Green River and the Gros Ventre River at Hodges Peak; northeasterly along said divide to the Darwin Ranch Road (U.S.F.S. Road 620); easterly along said road to the Union Pass Road (U.S.F.S. Road 600); southerly and easterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 352; southerly along said highway to U.S. Highway 191.

Area 94. South Piney. Beginning where LaBarge Creek enters the Green River; westerly up said river to the divide between the Green River and the Greys River; northerly along said divide to the head of the South Fork of South Cottonwood Creek; easterly down said creek to South Cottonwood Creek; easterly down said creek to Cottonwood Creek; easterly down said creek to the Green River; southerly down said river to LaBarge Creek.

Area 95. Green River. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 352 meets the Union Pass Road (U.S.F.S. Road 600); northerly and easterly along said road to the Continental Divide; southerly along said divide to Mt. Helen; westerly to Summit Lake and the divide between the Green River and Pine Creek; northwesterly along said divide to the divide between the Green River and the New Fork River; northerly along said divide to the head of Jim Creek; westerly down said creek to Wyoming Highway 352; northerly up said highway to the Union Pass Road (U.S.F.S. Road 600).

Area 96. New Fork. Beginning where U.S. Highway 191 crosses Pine Creek in the town of Pinedale; westerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 352; northerly up said highway to Jim Creek; easterly up said creek to the divide between the New Fork River and the Green River; southerly along said divide to the divide between the Green River and Pine Creek; southeasterly along said divide to Summit Lake and Pine Creek; southerly down said creek to U.S. Highway 191.

Area 97. Pinedale. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 351 intersects the East Green River Road (Sublette County 23-110); northerly along said road to Cora Junction and U.S. Highway 191; easterly along said highway to Pine Creek; northerly up said creek to Summit Lake; easterly to Mt. Helen and the Continental Divide; southerly along said divide to the Middle Fork of Boulder Creek; westerly down said creek to Boulder Creek; westerly down said creek to the New Fork River; southerly down said river to Wyoming Highway 351; westerly along said highway to the East Green River Road (Sublette County Road 23-110).

Area 98. Boulder. Beginning where U.S. Highway 28 crosses the Green River; northerly up said river to Wyoming Highway 351; easterly along said highway to the New Fork River; northerly up said river to Boulder Creek; easterly up said creek to the Middle Fork of Boulder Creek; easterly up said creek to the Continental Divide; southerly along said divide to the Big Sandy River; southerly down said river to the Big Sandy Reservoir Road (Sweetwater County Road 28); westerly along said road to U.S. Highway 191; southerly along said highway to U.S. Highway 28; southwesterly along said highway to the Green River.

Area 99. Big Sandy. Beginning at the junction of Wyoming Highway 28 and U.S. Highway 191; northerly along said highway to the Big Sandy Reservoir Road (Sweetwater County Road 28); easterly along said road to the Big Sandy River at the dam; northerly up said river to the Continental Divide; southeasterly along said divide to Mt. Nystrom; easterly from Mt. Nystrom to Sweetwater Gap and the headwaters of the Sweetwater River; southerly down said river to Wyoming Highway 28; southwesterly along said highway to U.S. Highway 191.

Area 100. Steamboat. Beginning at the junction of Interstate Highway 80 and Wyoming Highway 372; northwesterly along Wyoming Highway 372 to U.S. Highway 28; northeasterly along said highway to the Sweetwater River; easterly down said river to the Three Forks-Atlantic City Road (B.L.M. Road 2317) at Phelps-Dodge Bridge; southeasterly along said road to the Red Creek Road (B.L.M. Road 3219); southerly along said road to the Rocky Crossing Road (B.L.M. Road 3214); easterly along said road to the Osborne Road (B.L.M. Road 3212); easterly along said road to the Wamsutter-Crooks Gap Road (Sweetwater County Road 23); southerly along said road to Interstate Highway 80; westerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 372.

Area 102. West Green River. Beginning at the junction of Interstate Highway 80 and Wyoming Highway 372; westerly along Interstate Highway 80 to U.S. Highway 30; northwesterly along said highway to the Ham's Fork River; northerly up said river to Commissary Ridge; northerly along said ridge to the head of LaBarge Creek; southeasterly down said creek to the Green River; southerly down said river to U.S. Highway 28; southwesterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 372; southerly along said highway to Interstate Highway 80.

Area 103. Raymond Mountain. Beginning where the Bear River crosses the Wyoming-Idaho state line; northerly along said line to the divide between the Salt River and Bear River; easterly along said divide to the divide between the Salt River and Smiths Fork; northeasterly along said divide to the head of Smiths Fork Creek; southerly down said creek to the Bear River at the town of Cokeville; northwesterly down said river to the Wyoming-Idaho state line.

Area 104. Lincoln. Beginning where U.S. Highway 30 crosses the Ham's Fork River; westerly along said highway to Sage Junction and Wyoming Highway 89; southwesterly along said highway to the Wyoming-Utah state line; northerly along said line to the Wyoming-Idaho state line; northerly along said line to the Bear River; southeasterly up said river to the town of Cokeville and Smith's Fork Creek; northerly up said creek to the divide between Smith's Fork and Greys River; southeasterly along said divide to Commissary Ridge; southerly along said ridge to the head of Ham's Fork River; southerly down said river to U.S. Highway 30.

Area 105. Carter Lease. Beginning where Interstate Highway 80 crosses the Wyoming-Utah state line; northerly along said line to Wyoming Highway 89 west of Sage Junction; easterly along said highway to U.S. Highway 30; easterly then southerly along said highway to Interstate Highway 80; westerly along said highway to the Wyoming-Utah state line.

Area 106. Uinta. Beginning where Interstate Highway

80 crosses the Wyoming-Utah state line; easterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 414; southerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 410 at the town of Mountain View; southerly along said highway to the Stateline Dam Road (U.S.F.S. Road 072, Uinta County Road 283); southerly along said road to the Wyoming-Utah state line; west then north along said line to Interstate Highway 80.

Area 107. Hickey Mountain. Beginning where the Flaming Gorge Reservoir crosses the Wyoming-Utah state line; west along said line to the Stateline Dam Road (U.S.F.S. Road 072, Uinta County Road 283); northerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 410; northerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 414 at the town of Mountain View; northerly along said highway to Interstate Highway 80; easterly along said highway to the Green River; southerly down said river to Flaming Gorge Reservoir; southerly along the east shore of said reservoir to the Wyoming-Utah state line.

Area 108. South Rawlins. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 71 crosses Interstate Highway 80 at the city of Rawlins; southerly along said highway to the Sage Creek Road (Carbon County Road 401); southerly along said road to the McCarty Canyon Road (Carbon County Road 503); southwesterly along said road to the Miller Hill Road (B.L.M. Road 3328); northwesterly along said road to the Muddy Creek Road (B.L.M. Road 3306); westerly along said road to Muddy Creek; westerly down said creek to Wyoming Highway 789; northerly along said highway to Interstate Highway 80; easterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 71.

Area 110. Upper Platte River. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 130 crosses the Laramie River-North Platte River Divide; southerly along said divide to Douglas Creek; southerly down said creek to U.S.F.S. Road 543 at Keystone; southerly along said road to U.S.F.S. Road 512; southeasterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 230; southwesterly along said highway to the Wyoming-Colorado state line; westerly along said line to Wyoming Highway 230; northwesterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 130; easterly along said highway to the divide between the Laramie River and the North Platte River.

Area 111. Seminoe. Beginning at the junction of U.S. Highway 287 and Interstate Highway 80 at the city of Rawlins; northerly along said highway to the South Ferris Road (Carbon County Road 100); easterly along said road to the Buzzard Road (Carbon County Road 497-Natrona County Road 410); northerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 220; northeasterly along said highway to the Kortes Road (Natrona County Road 407); southerly along said road to the North Platte River; southerly up said river to Interstate Highway 80; westerly along said Interstate to U.S. Highway 287.

Area 113. Rochelle Hills. Beginning at the junction of Wyoming Highway 59 and Wyoming Highway 450; easterly along Wyoming Highway 450 to the Lynch Road (Converse County Road 39, Weston County Road 7A); southerly along said road to the Dull Center Road (Converse County Road 38); easterly along said road to the Converse-Niobrara County line and the North Lance Creek Road (Niobrara County Road 14); easterly and southerly along said road to the Slagle Road (Niobrara County Road 4); southerly along said road to the Cow Creek Road (Niobrara County Road 3); westerly along said road to the Converse-Niobrara County line and the Cow Creek Road (Converse County Road 45); southerly along said road to the Converse-Niobrara County line and the K-Field Road (Niobrara County Road 50); southerly along said road to the Converse-Niobrara County line and the Walker Creek Road (Converse County Road 43); westerly along said road to Dry Creek; westerly up said creek to the Iberlin Ranch Road; northerly along said road to the Thunder Basin National Grassland boundary and U.S.F.S. Road 958C; northwesterly along said road to the East Bill Road (U.S.F.S. Road 958); westerly along said road to the Dull Center Road (Converse County Road 38); westerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 59; northerly along said highway to the junction of Wyoming Highway 59 and Wyoming Highway 450.

Area 116. North Black Hills. Beginning where the Montana-Wyoming state line crosses the Rocky Point Road (Crook County Road 145); easterly along said line to where the Montana, Wyoming, and South Dakota state lines meet; southerly along the Wyoming-South Dakota state line to Interstate Highway 90; westerly along said Interstate to Wyoming Highway 116 at the town of Sundance; southwesterly along said highway to U.S. Highway 16 at the town of Upton; northerly and westerly along said highway to Interstate Highway 90; westerly along said Interstate to the D-Road (Crook County Road 68); northerly along said road to the Rocky Point Road in Campbell County (Campbell County Road 85); northerly along said road to the Wyoming-Montana state line.

Area 117. South Black Hills. Beginning where Interstate Highway 90 crosses the Wyoming-South Dakota state line; southerly along said line to the Black Hills National Forest boundary; westerly along said boundary to the Sand Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 863) at the boundary marker and one-quarter (1/4) mile south of Ranch A; southerly along said road to the Moskee Road; southeasterly along said road to Moskee and the Deer Creek Road (U.S.F.S. Road 807); southeasterly along said road to the Wyoming-South Dakota state line; southerly along said line to the Dewey Road (Weston County Road 2); northwesterly along said road to U.S. Highway 85; northerly along said highway to U.S. Highway 16; northwesterly along said highway to the town of Upton and Wyoming Highway 116; northeasterly along said highway to Interstate Highway 90; easterly along said Interstate Highway to the Wyoming-South Dakota state line.

Area 118. Shamrock Hills. Beginning at the junction of U.S. Highway 287 and Interstate Highway 80 at the city of Rawlins; westerly along said Interstate to the Wamsutter-Crooks Gap Road (Sweetwater County Road 23); northerly along said road to the Bairoil Road (Sweetwater County Road 22); easterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 73; easterly along said highway to U.S. Highway 287; southerly along said highway to Interstate Highway 80.

Area 120. Buffalo Creek. Beginning at the intersection of Interstate Highway 25 and the North Platte River in the city of Casper; southwesterly up said river to the bridge at Poplar Street; northerly along said street to U.S. Highway 20-26; westerly along said highway to Natrona County road 104 at Waltman; northerly along said road to Natrona County Road 103; northwesterly along said road to Natrona County Road 102; northerly along said road to Natrona County Road 101; northeasterly along said road to Badwater Creek; northeasterly along said creek to the divide between Badwater Creek, Deep Creek and Buffalo Creek; northeasterly along said divide to the divide between the Middle Fork and North Fork of Buffalo Creek; easterly along said divide to the North Fork of Buffalo Creek; northeasterly along said creek to Natrona County Road 109; northeasterly along said road to Washakie County road 6215; northeasterly along said road to the 33-Mile Road (Natrona County Road 110) at Kidd Flat; southeasterly along said road to Natrona County Road 113; easterly along said road to Natrona County Road 114; northeasterly along said road to Natrona County Road 115; easterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 387; easterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 259 in the town of Midwest; southerly along said highway to Interstate 25; southerly along said highway to the North Platte River in the city of Casper.

Area 122. Pine Ridge. Beginning at the intersection of Interstate Highway 25 and Wyoming Highway 259; northerly along Wyoming Highway 259 to U.S. Highway 387 at the town of Midwest; northeasterly along U.S. Highway 387 to the Ross Road (County Road 31 in Converse County); southeasterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 95; southwesterly along said highway to the North Platte River at the town of Glenrock; westerly up said river to Interstate Highway 25 in the city of Casper; northerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 259.

Area 123. Black Thunder. Beginning where the Highlight Road crosses the Belle Fourche River; northeasterly down said river to the mouth of Raven Creek; southeasterly up said creek to the Raven Creek Road; southerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 116; southerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 450; westerly along said highway to the Highlight Road; northerly along said road to the Belle Fourche River.

Area 124. Powder Rim. Beginning at the junction of Wyoming Highway 789 and the Wyoming-Colorado state line; westerly along said line to Wyoming Highway 430; northerly along said highway to Interstate Highway 80; easterly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 789; southerly along said highway to the Wyoming-Colorado state line.

Area 125. Elk Mountain. Beginning at the junction of Interstate Highway 80 and U.S. Highway 30 at the Saratoga interchange; northeasterly along U.S. Highway 30 to Wyoming Highway 72 at the Hanna interchange; southeasterly along Wyoming Highway 72 to the Pass Creek Road (Carbon County Road 404) west of the town of Elk Mountain; southerly and westerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 130; northerly along said highway to Interstate Highway 80.

Area 126. Lost Springs (non-herd unit). All of Converse, Weston and Niobrara counties, excluding lands within other described and numbered elk hunt areas.

Area 127. Crowheart Butte. All non-Indian owned fee title lands within the exterior boundaries of the Wind River Reservation, and all lands within the Bureau of Reclamation's Riverton and Boysen Unit boundaries, and those lands within Boysen State Park south of Cottonwood Creek, west of Boysen Reservoir, and south of U.S. Highway 20-26; excluding those areas of the Spence and Moriarity Wildlife Management Area that lie east of the East Fork of the Wind River, and excluding those lands within Hot Springs County.

Area 128. Muskrat. Beginning where U.S. Highway 20-26 crosses the east boundary of the Wind River Reservation; easterly along said highway to the town of Waltman and the Gas Hills Road (Natrona County Road 212); southwesterly along said road to the Dry Creek Road (Natrona County Road 321); southeasterly along said road to Wyoming Highway 220; southwesterly along said highway to U.S. Highway 287; westerly along said highway to Wyoming Highway 135; northerly along said highway to the south boundary of the Wind River Reservation; easterly and northerly along said boundary to U.S. Highway 20-26.

Area 129. Non-Herd Unit. All of Campbell, Crook, Johnson, Natrona, and Sheridan counties, excluding lands within other described and numbered elk hunt areas.

Area 130. Bolten Rim. Beginning where Wyoming Highway 71 crosses Interstate Highway 80 at the city of Rawlins; easterly along said Interstate to the North Platte River; southerly up said river to Sage Creek; southwesterly up said creek to the Sage Creek Road (Carbon County Road 401); northerly along said road to Wyoming Highway 71; northerly along said highway to Interstate Highway 80.

BE BEAR AWARE

Game retrieval and handling

- ***Immediately remove*** carcasses from the field. The longer game is in the field, at camp, or in a vehicle, the more likely it is to be discovered.
- Separate the carcass from the gut pile with ***as much distance as possible*** if you must leave meat in the field for any time.
- Ideally leave the gut pile in the field ***far away*** from camps, roads, trails.
- If an animal is harvested by a camp, road or trail, move the gut pile or parts ½ ***mile away*** or to a landfill.
- ***Quarter and hang*** the carcass in a tree or game pole ***10 to 15 feet*** from the ground and ***4 feet*** from the tree trunk or supporting branches.
- If you must leave the carcass on the ground, ***place it in plain view*** so you can see if a bear is present or if it has been disturbed when you return. Placing large items such as branches or a jacket on the carcass so you can tell from a safe distance if a bear has disturbed your carcass.
- When returning to a carcass ***stop and view*** the area from a distance with binoculars. Approach the carcass from ***upwind and make sufficient noise*** to alert any bears of your presence. Just because you don't see a bear doesn't mean there isn't one in the area.
- When retrieving meat go with your hunting partners and if possible ***approach on horseback***.
- If you detect disturbance from a distance or if the c***arcass has been buried***, a bear has probably been to the carcass or may be bedded nearby.
- ***Never attempt to scare*** a bear off of a carcass it has claimed.
- ***Have a plan*** on how to recover an animal before you harvest one and use extra caution if harvesting an animal late in the day.

What to do if you see an aggressive /defensive bear at close range

- Try to remain calm, slowly back out of the area, and have a defense ready.
- ***Never run away*** from the bear.
- Do not challenge the bear with aggressive body language, ***direct eye contact*** or shouting.
- If the bear begins to approach, stand your ground and ***use bear spray*** if available.
- If a bear makes contact or is about to make contact, drop and cover by lying flat on your stomach inter-lacing your fingers and placing them on the back of your neck. Do not fight back.
- Once the bear feels the ***threat is neutralized*** it will usually stop attacking.
- Make certain the ***bear has left*** the area before you retreat or move.

How and when to use bear spray

- ***Bear spray is an effective deterrent*** that is designed to deter aggressive bear behavior.
- Studies have shown that bear spray is ***more effective than firearms*** at reducing your chances of injury.
- Make sure that you are carrying an ***EPA registered*** Bear Spray and not another form of self protection pepper spray.
- Bear spray is to be used on a ***charging bear*** or in an aggressive encounter.
- It sprays ***25-30 feet*** as it creates a ***4-foot cloud***.
- Each member of a party should carry spray.
- Bear spray must be ***carried where it is readily accessible.***

If a bear comes into your camp

- Remain calm and ***do not panic***. Bears generally avoid people and they are probably attracted to odors of food.
- ***Ready your bear spray*** or firearm for use.
- ***Do not*** approach the bear.
- Try to ***scare the bear*** away by yelling, shouting, or making other loud noises.
- If the bear ***does not*** get a food reward they will usually leave.
- If a bear tries getting into your tent ***fight back*** and use your personal defense.

For more information about staying safe in bear country, visit the WGFD bear wise page.

https://wgfd.wyo.gov/wildlife-in-wyoming/more-wildlife/large-carnivore/grizzly-bear-management/bear-wise-wyoming

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